

**Table of Exhibits in support of Motion for allowance of Payment of
pre and post petition owed wages as Administrative Expenses filed by Group
Claimants in litigation caption Abraham Gimenez et als v DTOP
CASP case No. 2021-05-0346**

- EXHIBIT 1** - Judgment entered by the CFI of San Juan in Juan Perez Colon et als v DTOP , Civil Case No. K AC 1990- 0487
- EXHIBIT 2** - Approved new pay sales, in case K AC- 1990-0487
- EXHIBIT 3** - List of 966 active claimant's with estimate of post - petition Administrative Expense payroll debt, for a total of \$ 3,618,055.00
- EXHIBIT 4** - FAFAA Cash Flow report dated September 3, 2021

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
COURT OF FIRST INSTANCE
SUPERIOR PART OF SAN JUAN

PEREZ COLON, JUAN
PLAINTIFF
VS.
E L A DE PR
DEFENDANT

CASE NO.: K AC1990-0487
ROOM: 0905
CIVIL ACTION
CAUSE OR CRIME

ATTY. GONZALEZ MORALES IVONNE
PO BOX 9021828
SAN JUAN PR 00902-1828

NOTIFICATION OF JUDGMENT

THE UNDERSIGNED SECRETARY NOTIFIES YOU THAT THIS COURT HAS ISSUED JUDGMENT IN THE CAPTIONED CASE ON THE DATE OF SEPTEMBER 26, 2003, WHICH HAS BEEN DULY REGISTERED AND FILED IN THE RECORDS OF THIS CASE, WHERE YOU MAY FIND OUT THE TERM OF THE SAME IN DETAIL.

AND, SINCE YOU ARE OR REPRESENT THE PARTY PREJUDICED BY THE JUDGMENT OF WHICH A REQUEST FOR APPEAL MAY BE FILED, I ADDRESS THIS NOTIFICATION TO YOU, HAVING FILED A COPY OF THE SAME IN THE RECORDS OF THIS CASE ON THE DATE OF OCTOBER 20, 2003.

ALVAREZ LOPEZ FRANCISCO
PO BOX 41269

SAN JUAN, PR
00940-1269

DIAZ LUGO MANUEL
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
SAN JUAN PR

PO BOX 9020192
00902-192

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Aida Torres, USSCI
Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

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SAN JUAN , PUERTO RICO, OCTOBER 20, 2003.

GRISelda RODRIGUEZ COLLADO - INTERIM
CLERK

BY: MIGUEL A. FERNANDEZ NARVAEZ s/illegible
DEPUTY CLERK

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COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
AT THE COURT OF FIRST INSTANCE
SUPERIOR PART OF SAN JUAN

JUAN PEREZ COLON ET AL	.
Plaintiffs	. CIVIL NO. KAC-1990-0487
	. (905)
vs.	. RE:
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	. SALARY CLAIM AND
AND PUBLIC WORKS AND OTHERS	. DECLARATORY JUDGMENT
Defendants	.
	.
	.

.....

JUDGMENT

Introduction

The captioned complaint was filed on April 3, 1990* against the Department of Transportation and Public Works (hereinafter DTOP) and the Central Office of Personnel Administration (hereinafter OCAP) by a group of career employees that work or worked at the DTOP and occupied positions of

* The subscribing Judge became in charge of Room 905 on February 3, 2003. therefore, all of the previous proceedings before that date were held before other magistrates.

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foremen, construction workers, carpenters, engineering assistants, office clerks, etc., and which were assigned between the 01 to 011 scales of the Central Administration. In this case there are around 397 plaintiffs.

During the course of the litigation the parties settled the claims under Law 110 of June 26, 1958 as amended, better known as the Law of Irregular Personnel, which affected a substantial number of the defendants. The court approved the stipulation on June 12, 1995, issuing the corresponding Partial Judgment.

Matters Presented Pending Resolution

Insofar as the causes of action that concern us, in synthesis, it is claimed that the plaintiffs suffered an impairment in their retribution, when the defendants did not comply with their ministerial duty to maintain the structure of retribution of the DTOP updated, and continued using the retribution plan of the Central Administration, which, in the matter of salaries was inoperative and obsolete, pursuant to the application of the Federal Labor Standards Act, 29 USC secs. 201 et seq (hereinafter FLSA). Wherefore they allege that they should

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Tel. 787-225-8218
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have received as of April 15, 1986 a differential in salary pursuant to the more complex work that they performed, since their salaries were equated to that of the janitor and worker. Also, it is alleged that the defendants against the best interests of the plaintiffs, illegally and intentionally took advantage of the implementation of the minimum salary to eliminate for them, in whole or in part, steps for merit, productivity and legislative increases. Wherefore they question the legality of the mechanism of adjustment used. Also and under the same operational facts they allege the violation of sec. 215 and 218 of the FLSA, and claim the payment of the salaries owed and the imposition of penalties, costs and attorneys fees.

After having held several conferences on the state of the proceedings, the parties reached the consensus that there did not exist any legitimate controversy regarding material facts with regard to the remaining causes of action and that there only remained the application of the law. On March 21, 2001 a joint Conference Report was filed submitting documents and signing extensive stipulations on facts that are not in controversy. It was also agreed to defer the

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

aspect of the amount of the salaries owed until the aspect of responsibility was resolved and submitting for resolution the controversies that we summarize hereinafter.

(a) To determine the applicability to the present case of the Constitutional clause of equal pay for equal work.

(b) To determine if the defendants violated the Law of Uniform Retribution by not maintaining the structure of retribution of the DTOP updated, and if said determination constituted an adverse personnel action, since it failed to pay the retribution that corresponded pursuant to law to the plaintiffs, according to the level of retribution established for their positions and pursuant to the tasks of greater complexity and responsibility that they perform.

(c) To determine the validity of the directives issued by OCAP in General Memorandum No. 5-85 of April 23, 1986, and of other circulars issued for the implementation of the minimum salary, among others, for having taken advantage of the implementation of the minimum salary to eliminate to the plaintiffs, in whole or in part, the legislative increases, for years of service,

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productivity and merits, previously granted, which form part of their respective employment contracts and constitute acquired rights.

(d) To determine if the defendants exceeded the use of their discretionary faculties by ignoring the obligation of the agency heads to implement a reduction program of the daily works schedule, of not counting with the economic resources to comply with the minimum salary, as provided under Law 5 of November 20, 1975.

(e) To resolve, under the same operational facts, if the defendants violated Secs. 215 and 218 of the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act.

(f) To determine if it is pertinent to dictate a permanent order to cease and desist (injunction) to avoid future violations.

On the date of June 12, 2001, the plaintiffs filed a motion in which they requested that summary judgment be issued Granting the remaining claims. Neither OCAP nor the DTOP reacted in opposition to the Motion for Partial Summary Judgment filed by the plaintiffs.

REGARDING THE ORIGIN OF THE MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

It has been repeatedly interpreted that the principal purpose of the summary judgment is to promote a fair, rapid and economic solution of the litigation, abbreviating the disposition of actions which, since they do not involve a genuine controversy of facts, the judgment in its merits is unnecessary. Padín v. Rossey, 100 DPR 259, 263 (1971). It has also been amply recognized that under Rule 36.3 of Civil Procedure of 1958 (32 L.P.R.A. App II) and after complying with what is provided in Rule 43.5, the court can issue a partial interlocutory summary judgment. It can, also, resolve any controversy between the parties which are separable from the remaining controversies. Camaleglo v. Dorado Wings, Inc., 118 D.P.R. 20, 2527 (1986).

Being the summary judgment an extraordinary discretionary remedy, and using wise discernment, it should only be granted when there is no genuine controversy regarding material facts and when the court is convinced that it has before it the truth of all of the pertinent facts. Any doubt regarding the existence of a controversy regarding the material facts should be resolved

against the petitioning party. Roiq Com. Bank v. Rosario Cirino, 126 D.P.R. 613, 617-618 (1990) and García Rivera v. Enríquez Marlin, 2001 TSPR 12.

In harmony with the doctrine stated and after having thoroughly examined the motion for summary judgment presented, the allegations, stipulations and other documents in the record, this court reaches the following:

FINDINGS OF FACTS

1. The plaintiffs are career employees that work or have worked for the DTOP and occupy positions as workers, foreman/forewoman, carpenters, construction workers, officer clerks, assistant engineers, plumbers, etc. and whose positions were assigned between the years 1986 to 1995 among the first eleven (11) scales of the structure of retribution that was then in effect at said depart. [Stipulation of Facts #1 Conference Report].

2. On the date of the facts that concern us, the DTOP was originally integrated to the System of Administration of Central Personnel and subsequently, in the year 1991 it became an Individual Administrator through Executive Order Number OE-1991-46. [Personnel Act and stipulation of facts #18 of the Conference Report].

3. It appears from the examination of the documents in the record that in the year 1985 OCAP carefully watched the development of the case of García v. San Antonio Metropolitan Transit Authority, 469 US 528, when it presented transcendental controversies regarding the implementation of the FLSA at the government agencies and circulated various Memorandums among the Secretaries of the Government and Agency Heads, to inform them of the status

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

of said litigation. [Exhibit 3, and Stipulations of Facts # 4, 6 and 8 Conference Report].

4. When considering that the application of the minimum salaries at the government agencies was already imminent, on April 18, 1985, the Director of OCAP sent to the governor of Puerto Rico a Memorandum to advise the same with regard to the "alternatives of salary structures to provide salary increases to the public employees under the Central Administration and to comply with the federal minimum". [Exhibit 2 and Stipulation of Facts #3 of the Conference Report].

The communication proposed a salary improvement plan in four stages where the Federal minimum salary was exceeded for 1988 and included as an attachment the proposed salary scales.

In relation to the trust personnel, it is informed that: "it is not necessary to take action immediately since the basic scale of the salary structure that is applied \$505 - \$657 at present has no classes assigned. The lowest salary in the Trust Service is the one corresponding to the class of driver that is assigned to the second scale: \$549 - 714.

5. Meanwhile, on November 14, 1985 the Federal Congress, considering the decision of the Federal Supreme Court in the case of San Antonio Transit Authority, supra, approved an amendment to the FLSA to alleviate the immediate economic impact of the minimum salary on the local governments. through this legislation, there is granted to the states and agencies a grace period, until April 15, 1986, to make adjustments in their budgets for the implementation of the new minimum salary of 3.35 hr. [1985 Amendment of the FLSA]\

6. In view of these events and the fact that on that date the first 11 scales of the salary structure of the Central Administration were below the

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

minimum Federal salary that would enter into effect on April 15, 1986, OCAP reacted immediately and designed a new salary structure for the career service of the Central Administration based on a minimum scale of \$545-\$736 and which complied with the minimum salary of 3.35 hr. Through a communication dated November 29, 1985, said Office sent the new salary scale to the Governor, with its recommendations in favor of its adoption. In the letter it is also indicated that this new structure would be implemented adjusting the actual salary of the employees to the higher amount or type of immediate retribution in the scale corresponding to the new structure to reduce its budgetary effect. [Stipulation of Facts #5 and Exhibits 5, 10 and 11 Conference Report].

7. From the communication of November 20, 1985 [ante] it can be determined that OCAP had express knowledge and it manifests this at Page 2, that the minimum salary that entered into effect on April 15, 1986 required a salary structure with a minimum salary of \$545 a month [for a weekly schedule or 37 ½ hrs.]. Wherefore it advises that if the new structure of retribution recommended was not adopted it would require recurring to the mechanism of reduction of the work schedule to comply with the minimum salary, but qualifies this measure as "extremely unpleasant".

8. Notwithstanding the aforestated recommendation, on April 23, 1986 the Director of OCAP circulated General Memorandum 5-86 among the agencies, containing some directives to adjust the salary of every employee under the Federal minimum. [Exhibit 6 Conference Report].

9. As a result of the mechanism of salary adjustment recommended, the DTOP equated the salary of the employees assigned to the first 11 retribution scales based on \$3.35 per hour and uniformly paid them the same salary that the janitor and the worker received, remaining inoperative the Retribution Plan [Stipulation #11 Conference Report].

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

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10. With the determination [ante], a serious confusion was created in the concession of salaries. To the point that all of the employees that occupied positions whose classes were assigned between scales 1 to 11 passed to earn the same salary of the janitor and worker. This, without regard to the more complex tasks that they performed, the responsibility of their positions, the minimum requirements required, the years of service or prior increases received. In this manner the administrative, technical, specialized and supervisory personnel and the office and field personnel earned the same salary.

11. Notwithstanding the directive issued in General Memorandum 5-86 to implement the minimum salary, in the Municipalities the instructions were different, since on Page 3 it was indicated that if there was determined an insufficiency of funds and the Municipalities could not pay a monthly salary pursuant to the minimum salary and the work schedule applicable to its employees, they comply with the payment of the Federal minimum salary through the reduction of the work schedule, pursuant to Law No. 5 of November 20, 1975 and the Regulation approved pursuant to the same. [Page 3, Exhibit 6 Conference Report].

12. Even though the decision to implement a program of reduction of the daily work schedule to comply with the minimum salary is exclusive for each agency head, in this case the Secretary of the DTOP, said party did not submit any evidence whatsoever to establish that it had responsibly considered to reduce the economic impact of that legislation, the mechanism of reduction of the work schedule established under Law 5 of November 20, 1975 or the mechanism of assignment of the classes affected by the minimum salary to higher scales.

13. With time, the situation of the plaintiffs became worse, since even though in 1991 the DTOP became an Individual Administrator pursuant to an

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

Executive Order and the Secretary was conferred the faculty to adopt its own Classification and Retribution Plan, said party continued to use until 1995 the structure of retribution of the Central Administration, which maintained itself inoperative through annual pro forma assignments. Wherefore the defendant, in common agreement, did not comply with the public policy of providing a fair and equitable treatment in the establishment of salaries of the plaintiff employees. [Exhibits 6, 9, 15 and 18 Conference Report].

14. The situation reached the point that already by 1995 employees whose positions were assigned to the 19th scale of the retribution plan of the DTOP were being paid the same salary assigned to the janitor and worker, despite the fact that they performed positions of greater complexity, responsibility and were required to have greater requirements for the performance of their functions, if compared with the janitor. [Stipulation of Fact #16 Conference Report].

15. Despite the previously described situation, the salaries of the agency heads and the trust personnel increased in Oct. 1986 and on subsequent dates. The OCAP also authorized multiple assignments of positions to higher scales, which increased the regime of lack of retribution equality between the positions of professional classes and the large mass of employees that are plaintiffs herein, since they were the worst remunerated in the entire government. [Exhibit 6 Conference Report].

16. Finally, on July 1995 the DTOP adopted a plan of Classification and Retribution as an Individual Administrator. Said plan was made effective retroactively to April 15 to comply with the minimums alary in effect on that date. [Exhibit 28 (a) Conference Report].

17. The new plan of retribution adopted by DTOP in 1995 for career

employees was developed based on a monthly anchor salary of \$737 (applicable to employees with a weekly schedule of 37-1/2 hrs.) and based on 30 scales or levels.

18. By 1995 the situation of the government of Puerto Rico had a frank economic recovery. Two tax reforms were instrumented, legislation was adopted to substantially increase "the salaries of the police, firemen, nurses, custody officers, teachers and other groups of public employees". [Stipulation of Facts #28 Conference Report].

19. Even though with the adoption of the new retribution plan of the DTOP the salary differences were reestablished between the different categories of positions that the plaintiffs occupied, the compliance of the provisions applicable to the administration of the structure of retribution was temporary. Since, when they put it into effect on October 1, 1996 another increase in the minimum salary of 4.75 per hour, they again left inoperative the structure of retribution of the DTOP. [Compare Exhibit 28(A) with Stipulation of Facts #15 Conference Report].

20. As of September 1, 1997, the minimum salary increased to 5.15 per hour. and pursuant to this, the OCAP revised the Guide of Classification of Functions and the Scales of Payment of the Regulation for the Employment of Irregular Personnel, to comply with the new minimum salary. With this action the plaintiffs were again prejudiced, since within their same occupational groups there occurred the situation that the salaries received by the irregular personnel were higher than those that were paid to the plaintiffs, despite performing an identical work. As an example we identify: Foremen, Engineering Assistants, mechanical assistants, construction workers, truck drivers, pump operators, inspectors, mechanics in their levels of 1 to 5, Automobile Driver. [Stipulation of Facts #32 and Exhibit Conference Report].

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

21. The defendants violated, on the date that there entered into effect the minimum salary act and subsequent increases, secs. 215 and 218 of the FLSA, by observing an intentional pattern and scheme to reduce the more beneficial standards established in the law of uniform retribution for the purpose of reducing the economic impact of the federal legislation. As a result of this, not only did they leave inoperative the salary scales of the DTOP, but they also refused to implement a program of reduction of work schedule as provided under Law 5 of Nov. 20, 1975. Wherefore they violated to the plaintiffs their right to receive a complete salary.

22. Despite counting with the necessary funds identified in its budget, the DTOP, without providing a reasonable justification, waited until January 1, 2000 to put the new retribution structure into effect which they prepared based on an anchor salary of 840 a month and which was in agreement with the increase of the minimum salary to 5.15 and which entered into effect on September 1, 1997 [id #6 plaintiffs Conference Report].

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Before entering to resolve the concrete matter that occupies us, it is pertinent to point out that the resolution in this case deals with a novel matter, which has not been resolved before our Hon. Supreme Court, and which gives us the opportunity to examine fundamental aspects related to the administration and maintenance of the retribution plans, in light of the responsibilities imposed on the agency heads by the Uniform Retribution Act and its regulation. We will

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

discuss the controversies in order of importance and logical sequence, for a better understanding.

With regard to the controversy presented and where the defendants sustain that Article II Section 16 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico is not applicable to the facts of this case, since said precept is addressed exclusively to eradicating the salary discrimination against women and because the mechanism of adjustment used to comply with the minimum salary was equally applied to employees of both sexes, they are not correct.

1. It appears from the debates sustained by the Constituent Assembly of Puerto Rico that Sec. 16 of Art. II of our Constitution provides to the large mass of workers a comprehensive protection against discrimination in the adjudication of salaries. Diary of Sessions of the Constituent Assembly of Puerto Rico, tome 4, page 2574, ed. 1961.

Furthermore, it is resolved that the principle of equal pay for equal work does not suppose, nor does it prevent, for example, making constitutionally impossible the automatic increases for years or service , or the vacations with

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salary to the women in times of pregnancy and latency, or the special bonuses in consideration to the number of dependents or the payment over the minimum superior work or for greater production, or the adoption of other different payments or measures geared to the improvement of the plaintiffs. Mercado Vega v. UPR, 128 DPR 273.

In second place, there exists in our jurisdiction a high public interest in the regulatory legislation of the public employment and especially, the one that regulates the retribution of salaries. Torres v. P.R. Telephone Co., 90 JTS 122 and Díaz v. Tribunal, 102 DPR 195. For said reason, the constitutional precept of equal pay for equal work, governs and is instrumented in a general manner in the Law of Uniform Retribution, supra. In this regard, when we analyze the legislative history of that law, it is clear that its purpose is in consonance with the constitutional principle of equal pay for equal work in establishing "a system of retribution that propitiates equity and justice in the establishment of the salaries to all of the employees of the public service....[at] the same time that it creates a mechanism that tends to and facilitates the recruitment and

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

retention of personnel through the concession of additional incentives.”
Statement of Purposes, Law of Uniform Retribution, Laws of PR, Page 226, 3
L.P.R.A. Sec. 760(a).

Our Hon. Supreme Court in the case of Rodríguez Cruz v. Padilla Ayala,
125 D.P.R. 486 (1990), when examining the protection established in Art. II Sec.
16 of our Constitution, reiterates that the principal of equal pay for equal work
protects the “great mass of workers who due to a special abandonment has
historically needed” although has not always received a ‘social protection’”.
Rodríguez Cruz v. Padilla Ayala, supra, Page 521 and what was resolved in A.D.
Miranda Inc. v. Falcón, 83 D.P.R. 735 (1961). Wherefore since it involves the
plaintiffs precisely of the group of employees of a low rank and that generally is
known as “employees..in dead-end positions; low-level public employees] and
occupy positions in the lowest levels, being the worst remunerated in the entire
government, we have no reserve in concluding that they comprise the class of
workers that the Constituent Assembly wanted to protect.¹ Wherefore adopting

¹ It reinforces our interpretation with regard to the fact that the constitutional protections cannot be applied in a selective manner, only to a group of persons, the pronouncements of Hon. Judge O'Connor of the Federal Supreme Court in the case of Price Waterhouse v. Hopkins, 400 U.S. 228 in a case for racial discrimination under Title VII of the Law of Civil Rights: and we quote: “It would be odd to say the least if the evidentiary rules applicable to Title VII actions were themselves dependent on the gender or skin color of the litigants.”

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a position contrary to the one that we are exposing, would be extremely unjust, since here we would be penalizing the sector of public service that have the lowest salary scales and the sector of employees that the constituent assembly also wanted to protect.

II. The previous determination, however, does not resolve at all the controversy before us, since when the plaintiff stated that they were entitled to be compensated according to their respective classifications and responsibilities and the complexity assigned to the positions that they perform, since Law 89, supra, was much more beneficial than the law of minimum salary, it is necessary to resolve said matter.

A- From the outset it is pertinent to indicate that through the Public Service Personnel Act of Puerto Rico, Law No. 5 of October 14, 1975 (3 L.P.R.A. sec. 1301 et seq), the Legislative Assembly created a unitary system of administration for the personnel of the public service. Pursuant to its exposition of purposes, said law reaffirms the principle of merit as a guiding standard in the administration of Personnel and its extension to all of the sectors of the public service. Among its objectives, is achieving that the public administration be

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Aida Torres, USSCI
Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

governed by the criteria of greater uniformity, equity and justice. Furthermore, it provides the creation of two systems of personnel to group the agencies in the Central Administration and Individual Administrators.

The Personnel Act was amended in 1979 for the purpose of correcting certain failures and in turn "putting into practice its contents and achieving the uniformity of its application", at the same time that it incorporated "new concepts and innovative currents in personnel administration", in order to maintain the salaries updated, in order to provide the necessary mechanism to recruit and retain the most ideal employees within the public service.

The Personnel Act identifies the system of classification of positions as one of the areas that comprise the principle of merit. Wherefore in Art. 4.2(a) it was provided that in the case of the agencies comprised within the Central Administration, the director of OCAP provide for the determination of the relative hierarchy among the different classes or positions and for the assignment of the same to the different scales. The same responsibility was delegated to the Individual Administrators.

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

To complement said scheme, the Personnel Act imposes the obligation to the agencies to adopt regulation that recognizes the right of the employees to the compensation "for the work performed outside of the regular work schedule". Art. 5.14 (3 L.P.R.A. sec. 1354(6)). It also provides so that the other aspects related to the time schedule and the work schedule be regulated by each agency head. Art. 5.17 (3 L.P.R.A. sec. 1357).

B- On the other hand, and recognizing the legislator that the area of retribution of the public employee is one of the most important "to achieve a system of personnel administration that is modern and balanced and to facilitate the application of the principle of merit", there was approved in 1979 the Uniform Retribution Act, Law No. 89 of July 12, 1979 (3 LPRA Sec. 760 et seq.)

In what is pertinent to this case, we emphasize that according to its statement of purpose, the purpose of the present law of retribution is to propitiate uniformity, equity and justice in the establishment of the salary of all of the employees of the public service. Furthermore, it recognizes that said law pursues achieving, in matters of retribution the uniformity and agility necessary

to propitiate a fair and impartial treatment to all of the employees. Aulet v. Departamento de Servicios Sociales, 129 DPR 1.

In harmony with what is stated in Art. 2 of Law No. 89, *supra*, it assigned to the Central Office of Personnel Administration (O.C.A.P. in Spanish) and to each nominating authority, in the case of the Individual Administrators, that they adopt retribution plans pursuant to the regulation that the O.C.A.P. adopted to instrument said law and pursuant to the additional standards that were provided in said statute and that served as a guide and limited the power that had been delegated.

C- Since the DTOP was originally included in the Central Administration it is pertinent to clarify, to locate the claim within the appropriate legal and regulatory framework, and to adjudicate the respective responsibilities, that on June 4, 1983, through Law No. 84, there was amended the effectiveness of the Law of Retribution and there were implemented new structures of retribution for the classes of position in the career and trust service of the Central Administration, 3 L.P.R.A. Sec. 760(e). This structure of retribution was

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

implemented and was in effect, even though inoperative in the DTOP until the year 1995. Wherefore one cannot ignore that the defendants did not comply with the rules established in Law 84, supra, and specifically Art. 6(c), [3 LPRA sec. 760 (e)(c)], regarding the interpretation and administration of the new salary scales.

On the other hand and in harmony with the legislative objective of Law No. 89, supra, of guaranteeing a dynamic and flexible administration and in a manner that the retribution plans not lose their effectiveness, in 1986 Art. 6(c)(4) (3 L.P.R.A. sec.760 e(c)4) was amended to eliminate the requirement that the Director of O.C.A.P. count with the approval of the Governor to readjust or implement new salary scales. Therefore it is verified that the defendants had additional mechanisms to achieve and facilitate the maximum flexibility in the administration of the structures of retribution, and which allowed them to comply with the requirements of the minimum salary act, as we shall state hereinafter in greater detail.

D- For said reason, it is important to emphasize that the regulatory framework provided in the law of retribution is comprehensive, since clause 1 of Art. 2 of the Law of Retribution imposed on the Director of OCAP and the Individual Administrators the obligation to periodically examine if the structures of retribution that they had in effect complied with the provisions of said statute. Precisely and in recognition of the importance that guaranteeing the maintenance of a fair system of retribution has, in the case of the agencies denominated as Individual Administrators and Municipalities, it was expressly provided that it would be the responsibility of each nominating authority to adopt the retribution plan that applied in their agency and to assign the positions to the respective scales. Furthermore, it was imposed on the OCAP, with regard to the plan of the Central Administration and to each Individual Administrator, Article 9, Sec. 790(b)(5) the responsibility to annually assign all of the classes of positions of the classification plans, to the scales contained in the retribution plans in effect, in the career service as well as for that of trust, effective at the beginning of each fiscal year, for the purpose of achieving and maintaining up

to date the retribution plans that they adopted for the career and trust services and to guarantee an equity of retribution, in view of the noticeable difference of salaries between the private sector and the Public Corporations vis a vis the public sector.

It also expressly provided that the director of OCAP give the final approval over the same and imposes on OCAP the responsibility to advise the individual administrations in the preparation and confection of their respective plans.

E- Even though the defendant at Page 19 of the Conference Report tries to justify not having updated the structure of retribution of the OCAP with the argument that there did not exist any legal provision establishing a term to adopt the retribution plan, that contention has no merit, since it is unquestionable that said responsibility is implicit and the inaction is accommodating.

The compliance of the provision referent to the administration and maintenance of the retribution plans are not a mere abstraction, since according the defendants correctly affirm in clause II of the General Introduction regarding Classification of Positions and Retribution for the Classification and Retribution

Plan adopted by them in 1995, and which, due to its importance, we transcribe from Pages 6-7:

“One of the advantages that a Plan of Classification of Positions offers in addition to facilitating the processes of administration of human resources, is the establishment of salary scales that reflect the principle of equal pay for equal work.

The salary policy must respond to the purpose of providing to the personnel a fair and equitable treatment in the establishment of their salaries. So that it is fair, the salaries must be the most reasonable within the financial possibility of the Department of Transportation and Public Work. So that it can be equitable, it is necessary to apply the principle of equal pay for equal work. At the same time, it is a dynamic and changing instrument, wherefore it is necessary so that the same will not lose its effectiveness nor its utility, that it remain at a par with the changes that occur in the agency.”

For said reason it is important to point out that even though the defendants in their allegations try to justify their actions of assigning the classes to a structure that was left inoperative, their position violates and clearly conflicts with the provisions of the law and the responsibilities delegated to that Office. Especially when it deals with principles that are known, since from the documents submitted by the parties it is accredited that OCAP knows and has

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formally made multiple expressions in recognition of the importance that there is in guaranteeing the compliance of the public policy in matters of retribution and of correcting or improving the situation that the low salaries that the public employees receive represents.

F- To illustrate the conflict that has arisen due to the confusion that exists in the administration of salaries of the defendant Department, we cite from memorandum No. 5-94 of June 3, 1994 of OCAP and which was addressed to the agency heads of the Individual Administrators of the Personnel System, and where they are advised that: "when the scales are below the minimum salary, they do not comply with the public policy of providing for a fair and equitable treatment in the establishment of the salaries of the employees."

Wherefore, one cannot ignore the responsibility that the defendants had to comply with the Retribution Regulation adopted by O.C.A.P. on June 7, 1984 for the implementation of Law 89, supra. And in what is pertinent to the controversy presented, with the following provisions:

Sec. 4.2 which reads:

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Aida Torres, USSCI
Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

"The Central Office of Personnel Administration, in the case of the Central Administration, and each Nominating Authority, in the case of the Individual Administrators, will adopt separate retribution plans for the career and the trust service, in harmony with the respective classification plans of positions and pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform Retribution Act and this regulation."

Furthermore they will have to comply with Sec. 4.4 of the Regulation, since it clearly states that the retribution plans that are adopted have to be in harmony with the public policy established in said law. It also requires that there be established uniform scales of salaries for those classes of position that are equivalent, and in a manner that there be maintained a correlation between the relative value that is assigned to the classes within said plan and the monetary value that is assigned to the same through salary scales.

Said responsibility also reaffirms in Sec. 4.5(3) of the regulation of retribution, which reaffirms that the salary scales must be maintained updated for the purpose of achieving and maintaining the retributive equity. In addition the agencies have to comply with administering their respective retribution plans with what is provided in Sec. 4.6 of the Regulation of Retribution, which provides:

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

"in establishing the salary scales there must be taken into consideration, among other factors, the levels of responsibility and difficulty involved in the positions; the degree of discretion that is required in the discharge of the duties and responsibilities; the minimum requirements for the discharge in a satisfactory manner of the duties and responsibilities; the degree of difficulty in the recruitment of ideal employees; the opportunities for promotion; the working conditions; the salaries that are paid in the labor market; the cost of living; and the fiscal possibilities. In the case of the trust service there will be considered the indispensable requirements as determined by the Nominating Authority.

The salary structures must be sufficiently competitive so that it will allow to recruit and retain trained personnel; it must provide for the fair recognition of the individual efficiency and productivity of the employees; and in a similar manner they must be structured in such a manner that they provide opportunities of progress in the public service.

The salary scales will represent the monetary value that the different classes of positions in the classification plans of both services have and will serve to establish the direct retribution of every employee within the personnel system. When assigning and reassigning the classes of positions to the salary scales, there must be maintained the correlation between the hierarchical level of the classes and the scales to which they are assigned, as established in Sec. 4.4 (3) of this Regulation. In this manner, positions and classes that have the same relative value within the classification plans of the respective services, will be assigned to the same salary scales.

The types of retribution established in the different salary sales will be consigned based on dollars and will correspond to a monthly salary and to a regular work schedule of 37.5 or of 40 hours a week, as pertinent;

and they have the fundamental purpose of providing superior retribution levels to make viable the gratification of the employees pursuant to the respective individual levels of efficiency and productivity.

G- In view of the provisions of the Law and the regulation transcribed,
this court determines that an interpretation that restricts the right of an
employee to receive a fair remuneration according to the scale system and
where there is not recognized a differential in salary that is in harmony with the
work and the responsibilities that the same performs, fundamentally violates the
precepts of the Law of Retribution. Furthermore, it also does not comply with
the regulation adopted by the OCAP itself and by DTOP and where there is
established as a fundamental principle that the assignment of a class of position
to a specific scale of retribution be a personnel transaction of an objective
nature, since it has the purpose of establishing the fair value of the work that is
performed within the specific classification of set of positions. See an excellent
exposition about this subject in the case of Mercado Vega v. UPR, supra.

As a result of this, and being the local law more beneficial for the
employees than the minimum salary act, it is determined that leaving inoperative
the retribution structure of the DTPW, under pretext of complying with the

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

minimum salary, the conduct observed by the defendants constitutes clear acts of reprisal to the application of the minimum salary, and is contained within the type of action that the Federal Congress prohibited, by adopting sec. 215 and 218 of the FLSA. Furthermore, and in consideration that the adjustments practiced be adopted within the period of time stated in the statute, the plaintiffs established a prima facie violation of the aforementioned statute, sine they ceased to guarantee that the plaintiff employees be compensated for the fair value of the services that they render.

It corresponds here to point out that the Federal Congress, in adopting the amendment of 1985 anticipated that the local governments could reduce the salaries or benefits to the employees and for said reason it incorporated in Sec. 215 a protection against reprisals with its penalties, in the interest of discouraging this type of conduct. To that effect in the report rendered by the Conference Committee it is stated and we quote:

"Unilateral reduction of regular pay or fringe benefits that is intended to nullify this legislative application of overtime compensation to state and local Government employees is unlawful. Any other conclusion would in effect invite public employers to reduce rates of pay shortly after the date of enactment so as to negate the premium compensation mandated by this legislation.

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

Conference HR, report No. 357, 99th Cong. 1st, session 9, reprinted in 1985, US Code Cong. & Adm. News 651, 670."

H- In Puerto Rico, for more than half a century now our Hon. Supreme Court has resolved that, when a state law is more beneficial for the employee, than the provisions of the FLSA, the federal law does not prevent the application of the same since both laws are not in conflict, since both are perfectly harmonizable. Olazagasti v. Eastern Sugar Associates, 79 D.P.R. 93 (1956); and Chabrán v. Bull Insular Line, 69 D.P.R. 269 (1948). Marrero Cabrera v. Caribbean Refining Co., 93 D.P.R. 250 (1966); and Vega v. Yiyi Motors, Inc., 98 TSPR 95.

For said reason we also cannot accept the allegation of the defendants that they have ample discretion to decide when they will implant the adjustments in their retribution structures to conform them to the minimum salary. Especially when the chaotic results that this determination entails, is accredited from the preceding statement of facts.

As a result of this, we cannot justify, excuse or condone the exercise of discretion when it can serve as a screen to violate the law. Especially when the

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Aida Torres, USSCI
Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

action of leaving the structure of retribution inoperative, undermines the system of merit contained in the law, and it creates a parallel system of retribution that for all purposes is not authorized nor helps to comply the objective and the public policy of "[a]chieving that the public administration be governed by criteria of greater uniformity, equity and justice." Furthermore, because from the different internal memorandums submitted by stipulation of the parties, it is accredited that said party was aware of the requirements established by the minimum wage act and of its obligation to resort to the mechanism of reducing the work schedule, if they did not have the necessary funds to implement a new salary structure that would conform with the increases in the minimum salary and they opted to cross their arms. Also because they had the mechanism authorized under retribution act of assigning the classes affected to higher scales, as they did for the trust personnel and the professional classes.

Since it is normative, there applies what is resolved in Wards Cove Packing Co. v. Antonio, 490 US 642 to 661, in the sense that if a plaintiff can prove the existence of alternate methods that are less onerous and the employer does not use the same, this refusal undermines the contention of the employer with regard to the fact that its determination is not discriminatory.

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

Nor does it constitute a valid defense for the DTPW, to have relied on the directive of OCAP, sine the directives that OCAP issues in the General Memorandums cannot be in conflict with the law or with the jurisprudence pertinent to the matter that there is an attempt to regulate. Especially, when it is amply recognized that the power of regulation delegated to an agency does not empower it to substitute the legislative or judicial criteria contained in the state of law in effect. Ariel Aulet Lebrón et als v. Departamento de Servicios Sociales, 129 D.P.R. 1.

Wherefore and independent of the fact that the operations of the DTPW were subject to the central controls of OCAP, this does not alter at all the faculties of the Secretary of the DTPW, to exercise an independent criteria, and in this manner adopt a plan of reduction of work schedule similar to the one implemented in the Municipalities, since an administrator does not cease to be such, because of the mere fact that his decisions and actions are subject to the approval of an official of a higher rank.

I - Another factor of weight that it is necessary to remember and that leads us to reject the argument stated by the defendants, is the historical fact

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

referring to the amended to the FLSA practiced by the Federal Congress in 1974 and where it extended the application of the minimum wage to the local governments (including P.R.). Wherefore we must bear in mind that on that date, the legislature of Puerto Rico, reacting to the Federal legislation, enacted Law No. 5 of Nov. 20, 1975, for the purpose of authorizing the agency heads to reduce the weekly work schedule established of 37-1/2 hours or 40 hours a week and establish the number of hours that it deemed convenient and in that manner it would minimize the economic impact of the minimum salary that would enter into effect. In harmony with these provisions of the Law of 1975, OCAP enacted the regulation to instrument the same, instructing the agencies to reduce the weekly schedules to the groups of employees which on that date would be affected by the Minimum Wage, if they did not have sufficient funds. The reduction of the time schedule implemented by instructions of the OCAP lasted until 1983.²

It is pertinent to advise that the Federal jurisdiction, notwithstanding, due

² See Regulation and Memorandum No. 2-76 of January 8, 1976 included as Exhibits IV A, B and C of Pages 98 to 106 ap. Motion for Summary Judgment of June 1995 filed by the plaintiffs.

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Aida Torres, USSCI
Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

to the decision of the Federal Supreme Court in the case of National League of Cities v. Usery, 426 US 833, left in suspense the implementation of the amendment of 1974 of the FLSA. So that it is not until May of 1985, that it is when there becomes final and binding the decision issued in the case of Garcia y San Antonio Metro. Transit Authority, 469 US 528, and that the doctrine established in Usery, supra, is revoked, that there results definitively applicable the minimum salary, to the local governments.

It is amply recognized that an administrative standard can be invalidated by the courts, among others, for the following grounds: if its application produces unfair results, City of NY v. Harris, 449 US 1124; Harris v. Hassen, 451 US 1032; if the interpretation of the agency is not persuasive and as we stated in this case, the directive is contrary to the legislative intention, Bernier y Cuevas Segarra, Aprobación e Interpretación de las Leyes, at page 489, and if the agency does not observe nor obeys its own regulation. García Cabán v. UPR, 120 DPR 267 (1987); Díaz de Llovet v. Oficina del Gobernador, 112 D.P.R. 747 (1982), García Troncoso v. Adm. del Derecho al Trabajo, 108 DPR 53 (1978); 94 DPR 22 (1967).

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

Therefore, having the OCAP enacted a special regulation, pursuant to Law 5 of November 20, 2975, for the implementation of the minimum salary which was in effect, once duly enacted the regulation, it is clear that the discretion of the agency heads is limited. Bayrón v. Serra, 119 DPR 605, at page 920 and Digna Garcia Trancoso v. ADT, supra.

J- Pursuant to the facts and the law stated this court determines that the directive issued by OCAP in Special Memorandum 5-86 to implement a salary adjustment of the minimum salary is null, with the exception of the Municipalities, since it is totally out of harmony with the provisions of the Retribution Act and the principle of equal pay for equal work guaranteed under Art. II sec. of our Constitution. Also, because it is clear that the OCAP exceeded its powers of regulation, in recommending a mechanism of salary adjustment that had the real effect of making disappear, altering and/or converting in effective the salary differences inherent to the classification of the group of plaintiff employees, pursuant to the hierarchy established for the positions that were assigned within the retribution plan of the DTPW, fundamentally violating the precepts of the Law of retribution and its regulation.

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

Following this line of thought and insofar as it relates to the allegation of the plaintiffs related to the fact that the standard of adjustment also illegally eliminated, totally or partially, the increases for years of service and productivity and the legislative increases previously received pursuant to special laws still in effect, it is resolved in favor of the plaintiff, since said adjustment shares the same discriminatory motivation.

K- It is pertinent here to state that Art. 7 of the Law of Uniform Retribution authorizes the Central Office of Personnel Administration (O.C.A.P.) and the individual administrators to grant salary increases for years of service, to extend the salary scales - adding different types of increases - as well as to establish other methods of compensation under the terms established by the aforementioned law to recognize the individual merits of the employees and to achieve the objective of maintaining a public administration of excellence. Wherefore, once said increases are conferred they form part of their employment contract.

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Aida Torres, USSCI
Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

It is important also to leave established that the general increases conferred to the employees through special legislation, form part of a scheme established by the State to offer the employees a permanent economic relief that cannot be diminished.³

Wherefore when there arose from the study of the history of said special laws that the intention of the legislature in approving the same was to improve in a permanent manner the living conditions of the employees in the public service, to whom they were directed, we determine that these increases do not exhaust the margin of retribution that the employees have available.⁴ In said regard it is emphasized that in the measure that these special laws confer benefits to employees, they require a liberal focus in the interpretation, in order

³ See Law 90 of July 9, 1986; Law 1 of February 9, 1988; Law 7 of May 1989 and Executive Order OE-1994-42 of August 15, 1994, among others.

⁴ It is necessary to point out that in the answer to the consultation submitted by the Dept. of Labor and Human Resources of June 1, 1992, and which was stipulated as Exhibit XVIII, the OCAP reached the same results in analyzing the definition of scale of retribution in Art. 6, clause 12 of the Regulation of Uniform Retribution and concluding that "the salary increases that the public employees receive pursuant to the express provision of any law cannot be considered as part of the margin of retribution that the employees have in the salary scale that applies to them.

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to comply with the will of the legislator. Garcia v. Shiley, 88 JTS 101 and Santiago v. Kodak, 92 JTS 11.

There contributes to what is stated the clear text of the aforementioned statutes, since it is expressly provided that these increases be granted without adjusting the scales and provides the pertinent budgetary assignments in the general budget of expenses for the subsequent years, to guarantee their continuity. Therefore, it is clear that the general increases are granted to the employee itself and in a manner independent of the salary scales, which convinces us that the legislator did not lose sight of the fact that it was still necessary to protect the governmental employees against possible attempts to impair their salaries.

Especially, when, we noticed that said statutes are analogous to other previous laws, where the intention was clear to guarantee that the employee receive said increases in an integral manner so that the same would not suffer any reduction.

Due to the facts and the law stated, it is forceful to conclude and we

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Aida Torres, USSCI
Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

resolve that this claim satisfies the requirements and is applicable within the scope of protection of the law. Wherefore, it corresponds to this court to enforce the protective labor laws and to give a real content to the principle established in our Bill of Rights and to embrace the allegations of the plaintiffs regarding the important aspect of the indemnification items claimed, in light of the provision of our laws. Especially, when it is a cardinal principal and it assists the plaintiffs the right to receive their complete salary during the period that their retribution was affected. Yolanda San Miguel v. ELA, 93 CDT 139.

L- Among the remedies that can be conferred to the employees when they prevail in a cause of action for salary discrimination, are those items that are adjudicated for salaries unduly retained. Also, there are items for indemnification or damages, the costs and attorneys fees.

It is pertinent to point out that the imposition of fees is instrumented in our law under Sec. 3114 to 3117 of the Code of Civil Procedure, since the term "employer" includes the traditional agents of the government and public corporations of the State Government and/or their representatives.

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

The imposition of fees is also contemplated under Rule 44.1 of Civil Procedure, since they form part of an integral law designed within a remedial scheme, to give effect to the values over which our democratic society is erected, within the context of employer-employee. Wherefore, and after having reviewed the cases in the Federal sphere with the model adopted in Lopez Vicil v. I.T.T., 143 DPR 574 we determine that the traditional government agencies are not exempt from the payment of fees in cases such as the one involved herein, since they arbitrarily retained salaries or the employee claims any right or sum of money against his employer, pursuant to the Federal or local labor legislation. It is also necessary to clarify that in the Federal sphere, under the provisions of the FLSA, 29 USCA sec. 216(b) the attorney fees are mandatory, which establishes a distinction among the cases under the civil rights law, 42 USCA sec. 1988, where the fees are discretionary in nature. See the cases of Henley v. Ecker, 461 US 424 (1983); Texas State Teachers Association v. Garland Independent School District, 489 US 782 and Bonnette v. California Health & Welfare, 704 F2nd 1466, 1473. Roofers Local 307, 732 F.3d at 502 and compare this with Soler v. G & U., Inc., 801 F. Supp. 1056, where the attorneys

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Aida Torres, USSCI
Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

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fees was distributed among several defendants, in consideration to their individual responsibility.

M- Our Law also authorizes the issuance of an injunctive remedy to avoid future violations, as resolved in the cases of Acevedo Santiago v. Western Digital Caribe, Inc., et als, Opinion and Judgment of March 21, 1996, 140 DPR ---- (1996) and Norma Segarra Hernandez v. Royal Bank de PR, 98 CA 36 to 98 CA 40.

Wherefore it having been determined in this cases that the defendants incurred in a pattern of behavior and repetitive violations of the statutes invoked, and it being resolved that the injunction merely requires that the person or entity do what the Law requires and the function of the court is to be a monitor, in view of the duty that the courts have to ensure that the legal provisions are fully complied with, there is granted to the plaintiffs the permanent injunctive remedy requested.

In view of what is previously stated, we issue the present

JUDGMENT

(a) The plaintiffs are granted the permanent injunctive remedy requested and as a result thereof it is Ordered and the defendants are advised

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Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

that they must comply with their ministerial responsibility to maintain the salary structure of the DTPW updated and in agreement with the increases in the minimum salary, which from time to time are established and prohibiting that in the future they leave inoperative and convert in ineffective the retribution system adopted in this agency.

(b) There is ordered the payment of all of the salaries and earnings that were not received since the structure of retribution of the DTPW was left inoperative as of the application in said agency of the minimum salary and the restitution of any salary increase, bonus, stipend that was eliminated from the respective plaintiffs. To the effect of calculating the assets not received by each plaintiff, it is ordered to the defendants that, for the period comprised between April 1986 to April 15, 1995 they calculate the salaries withheld using the model scales prepared by OCAP, as applicable to the different increases in the minimum salary and the hierarchy assigned to the individual positions occupied by each plaintiff.

Insofar as the scale adopted by the DTOP in January of 2000 with an anchor salary of \$840, it is ordered that there be conferred an effective date of

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Aida Torres, USSC1
Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

September 1, 1997 and the plaintiffs be paid the difference in the salary illegally retained, according to the level assigned to their respective procedures. The same procedure must be carried out in relation to the increase that entered into effect on September 2000. Furthermore, to restore to the plaintiffs that this corresponds to, the salary increases that were eliminated when the minimum salary was implemented, these increases must be added after assigning the positions in the corresponding scale and the retribution that corresponds is established, in order to prevent an impairment.

(c) It is also ordered that after adding the totality of the salaries owed, there be added the legal interests accrued as of the date of the filing of the complaint, as a penalty.

(d) Having granted the remedies to those entitled to the same, the plaintiffs; for the purpose of the Court being able to dispose in a final manner of this case, the legal representatives of the parties are ordered, that as part of the procedures of execution of a Judgment, once this Judgment becomes final and binding, that within ninety days after this, they meet to establish a certain and specific amount of the salaries or benefits owed to each plaintiff, making the

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Tel. 787-225-8218
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individual calculations, proceeding to inform this to the Court in this period of time so that the Court can, pursuant to what is informed, order the payment to each plaintiff in a specific manner and to that effect.

(e) the defendants must also satisfy the costs and expenses of the litigation and pay 25% for fees for the benefit of each plaintiff, which amount of fees will be calculated over the amount that corresponds to each one of the plaintiff prior to making the individual calculations. See the Code of Civil Procedure, 32 LPRA 3115 and the case of Lopez Vicil v. I.T.T., 143 DPR 574.

RECORD AND NOTIFY.

In San Juan, Puerto Rico, September 26, 2003.

s/Eliadis Orsini Zayas
ELIADIS ORSINI ZAYAS
SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE

I CERTIFY:

ATTY. REBECCA RIVERA TORRES
REGIONAL GENERAL CLERK

By: Miguel Fernández (illegible)
Dep. Clerk
Deputy Clerk s/illegible

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Aida Torres, USSCI
Tel. 787-225-8218
aidatranslation@gmail.com

EXHIBIT

ESCALAS DE SUELDO APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-0487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN Y OTROS
VS. DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS Y KAC-1991-0685 DE CARMEN S. CRUZ
HERNÁNDEZ Y OTROS VS. ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO, PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 15 DE ABRIL DE 1986

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS

NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
1	545	566	588	610	633	658	683	709	736
2	556	577	599	622	646	671	697	723	751
3	567	589	611	634	659	684	710	737	765
4	578	600	623	647	671	697	724	751	780
5	590	612	636	660	685	711	739	767	796
6	602	625	649	674	700	726	754	783	813
7	614	637	662	687	713	741	769	798	829
8	626	650	675	701	727	755	784	814	845
9	639	663	689	715	743	771	801	831	863
10	652	677	703	730	757	786	816	848	880
11	665	690	717	744	773	802	833	865	898
12	678	704	731	759	788	818	849	881	915
13	692	718	746	774	804	835	867	900	934
14	706	733	761	790	820	852	884	918	953
15	720	748	776	806	837	869	902	936	972
16	734	762	791	821	853	885	919	954	991
17	756	785	815	846	879	912	947	983	1,021
18	779	809	840	872	905	940	976	1,013	1,052

ESCALAS DE SUELDO APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-0487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN Y OTROS
VS. DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS Y KAC-1991-0665 DE CARMEN S. CRUZ
HERNÁNDEZ Y OTROS VS. ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO, PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 15 DE ABRIL DE 1986

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS

NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
19	802	833	865	898	932	968	1,005	1,043	1,083
20	834	866	899	933	969	1,006	1,045	1,085	1,126
21	867	900	934	970	1,007	1,046	1,086	1,127	1,170
22	902	936	972	1,010	1,048	1,088	1,130	1,173	1,218
23	938	974	1,011	1,050	1,090	1,131	1,175	1,219	1,266
24	976	1,013	1,052	1,092	1,134	1,178	1,223	1,269	1,318
25	1,015	1,054	1,094	1,136	1,179	1,224	1,271	1,320	1,370
26	1,056	1,096	1,138	1,182	1,227	1,274	1,323	1,373	1,426
27	1,098	1,140	1,183	1,229	1,276	1,324	1,375	1,427	1,482
28	1,142	1,186	1,231	1,278	1,327	1,378	1,430	1,485	1,542
29	1,188	1,233	1,280	1,330	1,380	1,433	1,488	1,545	1,604
30	1,236	1,283	1,332	1,383	1,436	1,491	1,548	1,608	1,669
31	1,285	1,334	1,385	1,438	1,493	1,550	1,610	1,671	1,735
32	1,343	1,394	1,448	1,503	1,560	1,620	1,682	1,746	1,813
33	1,403	1,457	1,512	1,570	1,630	1,692	1,757	1,824	1,894
34	1,466	1,522	1,580	1,641	1,703	1,768	1,836	1,906	1,979
35	1,532	1,591	1,651	1,714	1,780	1,848	1,919	1,992	2,068
36	1,601	1,662	1,726	1,792	1,860	1,931	2,005	2,081	2,161

ESCALAS DE SUELDO APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-0487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN Y OTROS
VS. DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS Y KAC-1991-0665 DE CARMEN S. CRUZ
HERNÁNDEZ Y OTROS VS. ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO, PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 15 DE ABRIL DE 1986

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS

NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
37	1,673	1,737	1,803	1,872	1,944	2,018	2,096	2,176	2,259
38	1,757	1,823	1,892	1,963	2,037	2,114	2,194	2,276	2,362
39	1,862	1,929	1,998	2,070	2,145	2,222	2,302	2,384	2,470

En Guaynabo, Puerto Rico a FEB 28 2005



Marta T. Beltrán Dones
Directora

Oficina de Recursos Humanos del Estado Libre Asociado

Anatomía de la Estructura Salarial:

Incrementos:

Horizontal 1-38 35%
39 32.6%

Vertical 1-15 2%
15-19 3%
19-31 4%
31-37 4.5%
37-38 5%
38-39 6%

MRJ
MRJ/idg

Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico

ESCALAS DE SUELDO APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-0487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN Y OTROS
VS. DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS Y KAC-1991-0665 DE CARMEN S. CRUZ
HERNÁNDEZ Y OTROS VS. ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO, PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE ABRIL DE 1990

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS

NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
1	577	599	622	645	670	695	722	749	778
2	589	611	634	658	683	709	736	764	793
3	600	623	647	671	697	723	751	779	809
4	612	636	660	685	711	738	766	795	825
5	625	648	673	699	725	753	781	811	842
6	637	661	686	712	740	768	797	827	859
7	650	674	700	727	754	783	813	844	876
8	663	688	714	741	769	799	829	861	893
9	676	702	728	756	785	815	846	878	911
10	690	716	743	771	801	831	863	895	929
11	703	730	758	787	817	848	880	913	948
12	717	745	773	802	833	864	897	931	967
13	732	760	788	818	850	882	915	950	986
14	746	775	804	835	866	899	934	969	1,006
15	761	790	820	851	884	917	952	988	1,026
16	777	806	837	869	902	936	971	1,008	1,047
17	800	830	862	895	929	964	1,000	1,038	1,078
18	824	855	888	921	956	993	1,030	1,070	1,110

ESCALAS DE SUELDO APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-0487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN Y OTROS
VS. DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS Y KAC-1991-0665 DE CARMEN S. CRUZ
HERNÁNDEZ Y OTROS VS. ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO, PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE ABRIL DE 1990

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS

NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
19	849	881	914	949	985	1,023	1,061	1,102	1,144
20	883	916	951	987	1,025	1,063	1,104	1,146	1,189
21	918	953	989	1,026	1,065	1,106	1,148	1,192	1,237
22	955	991	1,028	1,068	1,108	1,150	1,194	1,239	1,286
23	993	1,030	1,070	1,110	1,152	1,196	1,242	1,289	1,338
24	1,032	1,072	1,112	1,155	1,199	1,244	1,291	1,340	1,391
25	1,074	1,115	1,157	1,201	1,246	1,294	1,343	1,394	1,447
26	1,117	1,159	1,203	1,249	1,296	1,346	1,397	1,450	1,505
27	1,161	1,205	1,251	1,299	1,348	1,399	1,453	1,508	1,565
28	1,208	1,254	1,301	1,351	1,402	1,455	1,511	1,568	1,628
29	1,256	1,304	1,353	1,405	1,458	1,514	1,571	1,631	1,693
30	1,306	1,356	1,408	1,461	1,517	1,574	1,634	1,696	1,760
31	1,359	1,410	1,464	1,519	1,577	1,637	1,699	1,764	1,831
32	1,420	1,474	1,530	1,588	1,648	1,711	1,776	1,843	1,913
33	1,484	1,540	1,599	1,659	1,722	1,788	1,856	1,926	1,999
34	1,550	1,609	1,670	1,734	1,800	1,868	1,939	2,013	2,089
35	1,620	1,682	1,746	1,812	1,881	1,952	2,026	2,103	2,183
36	1,693	1,757	1,824	1,893	1,965	2,040	2,118	2,198	2,282

ESCALAS DE SUELDO APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-0487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN Y OTROS
VS. DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS Y KAC-1991-0665 DE CARMEN S. CRUZ
HERNÁNDEZ Y OTROS VS. ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO, PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE ABRIL DE 1990

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS

NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
37	1,769	1,836	1,906	1,979	2,054	2,132	2,213	2,297	2,384
38	1,858	1,928	2,002	2,078	2,157	2,239	2,324	2,412	2,504
39	1,969	2,044	2,122	2,202	2,286	2,373	2,463	2,557	2,654

En Guaynabo, Puerto Rico a FEB 28 2005



Marta T. Beltrán Dones

Directora

Oficina de Recursos Humanos del Estado Libre Asociado

Anatomía de la Estructura Salarial:

Incrementos:

Horizontal 1-38 3.8%

Vertical 1-16 2%
16-19 3%
19-31 4%
31-37 4.5%
37-38 5%
38-39 6%

MRJ/idg

ESCALAS DE SUELDO APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-0487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN Y OTROS
VS. DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS, PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE ABRIL DE
1992

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS

NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
1	634	659	684	711	739	768	798	829	861
2	650	675	702	729	757	787	818	849	883
3	666	692	719	747	776	807	838	871	905
4	683	709	737	766	796	827	859	892	927
5	700	727	755	785	816	847	880	915	950
6	717	745	774	805	836	869	902	938	974
7	735	764	794	825	857	890	925	961	999
8	754	783	814	845	878	913	948	985	1,023
9	772	803	834	866	900	935	972	1,010	1,049
10	792	823	855	888	923	959	996	1,035	1,075
11	812	843	876	910	946	983	1,021	1,061	1,102
12	832	864	898	933	969	1,007	1,047	1,087	1,130
13	853	886	920	956	994	1,032	1,073	1,115	1,158
14	874	908	943	980	1,019	1,058	1,099	1,142	1,187
15	896	931	967	1,005	1,044	1,085	1,127	1,171	1,217
16	918	954	991	1,030	1,070	1,112	1,155	1,200	1,247
17	941	978	1,016	1,056	1,097	1,140	1,184	1,230	1,278
18	979	1,017	1,057	1,098	1,141	1,185	1,231	1,279	1,329

ESCALAS DE SUELDO APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-0487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN Y OTROS
VS. DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS, PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE ABRIL DE
1992

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS

NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
19	1,018	1,058	1,099	1,142	1,186	1,233	1,281	1,331	1,382
20	1,059	1,100	1,143	1,187	1,234	1,282	1,332	1,384	1,438
21	1,101	1,144	1,189	1,235	1,283	1,333	1,385	1,439	1,495
22	1,145	1,190	1,236	1,284	1,334	1,386	1,441	1,497	1,555
23	1,191	1,237	1,286	1,336	1,388	1,442	1,498	1,557	1,617
24	1,239	1,287	1,337	1,389	1,443	1,500	1,558	1,619	1,682
25	1,288	1,338	1,390	1,445	1,501	1,560	1,620	1,684	1,749
26	1,340	1,392	1,446	1,503	1,561	1,622	1,685	1,751	1,819
27	1,393	1,448	1,504	1,563	1,624	1,687	1,753	1,821	1,892
28	1,456	1,513	1,572	1,633	1,697	1,763	1,832	1,903	1,977
29	1,521	1,581	1,642	1,706	1,773	1,842	1,914	1,989	2,066
30	1,590	1,652	1,716	1,783	1,853	1,925	2,000	2,078	2,159
31	1,661	1,726	1,793	1,863	1,936	2,012	2,090	2,172	2,256
32	1,736	1,804	1,874	1,947	2,023	2,102	2,184	2,269	2,358
33	1,814	1,885	1,959	2,035	2,114	2,197	2,282	2,371	2,464
34	1,896	1,970	2,047	2,126	2,209	2,296	2,385	2,478	2,575
35	1,981	2,058	2,139	2,222	2,309	2,399	2,492	2,590	2,691
36	2,070	2,151	2,235	2,322	2,413	2,507	2,605	2,706	2,812

3

ESCALAS DE SUELDO APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-0487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN Y OTROS
VS. DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS, PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE ABRIL DE
1992

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS


NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
37	2,164	2,248	2,336	2,427	2,521	2,620	2,722	2,828	2,938
38	2,261	2,349	2,441	2,536	2,635	2,738	2,844	2,955	3,070
39	2,363	2,455	2,551	2,650	2,753	2,861	2,972	3,088	3,209

En Guaynabo, Puerto Rico a FEB 28 2005


Marta T. Beltrán Dones

Directora

Oficina de Recursos Humanos del Estado Libre Asociado


Gabriel Alcaraz Emmanuell
Secretario
Departamento de Transportación
y Obras Públicas

Anatomía de la Estructura Salarial:

Incrementos:

Horizontal 1-39 3.9%

Vertical

1-17 2.5%

17-27 4.0%

27-39 4.5%


MRJ/ldg

P.13

Nº153

DTOP REC HUMANOS

1:28PM

MAR. 26. 2007

Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico
DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS

ESCALAS DE SUELDOS APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN VS.
ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO DE PUERTO RICO PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE ABRIL DE 1993

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS									
NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
1	659	685	711	739	768	798	829	861	895
2	675	702	729	758	787	818	850	883	917
3	692	719	747	777	807	838	871	905	940
4	710	737	766	796	827	859	893	928	964
5	727	756	785	816	848	881	915	951	988
6	746	775	805	836	869	903	938	975	1013
7	764	794	825	857	891	925	961	999	1038
8	783	814	846	879	913	948	985	1024	1064
9	803	834	867	901	936	972	1010	1050	1090
10	823	855	888	923	959	997	1035	1076	1118
11	844	876	911	946	983	1021	1061	1103	1146
12	865	898	933	970	1008	1047	1088	1130	1174
13	886	921	957	994	1033	1073	1115	1158	1204
14	908	944	981	1019	1059	1100	1143	1187	1234
15	931	967	1005	1044	1085	1127	1171	1217	1265
16	954	992	1030	1071	1112	1156	1201	1248	1296

Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico
DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS

ESCALAS DE SUELDOS APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN VS. ESTADO LIBRE
ASOCIADO DE PUERTO RICO PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE ABRIL DE 1994

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS									
NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
1	691	708	725	742	760	778	797	816	835
2	710	727	744	762	780	799	818	838	858
3	729	746	764	783	801	821	840	860	881
4	748	766	785	804	823	843	863	884	905
5	769	787	806	825	845	865	886	908	929
6	789	808	828	848	868	889	910	932	954
7	811	830	850	871	891	913	935	957	980
8	833	853	873	894	916	937	960	983	1007
9	855	876	897	918	940	963	986	1010	1034
10	878	899	921	943	966	989	1013	1037	1062
11	902	924	946	968	992	1016	1040	1065	1090
12	926	949	971	995	1018	1043	1068	1094	1120
13	951	974	998	1021	1046	1071	1097	1123	1150
14	977	1000	1024	1049	1074	1100	1126	1153	1181

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS									
NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
15	1003	1027	1052	1077	1103	1130	1157	1185	1213
16	1030	1055	1081	1106	1133	1160	1188	1217	1246
17	1058	1084	1110	1136	1164	1192	1220	1249	1279
18	1087	1113	1140	1167	1195	1224	1253	1283	1314
19	1130	1157	1185	1214	1243	1273	1303	1334	1366
20	1176	1211	1247	1285	1323	1363	1404	1446	1489
21	1223	1259	1297	1336	1376	1417	1460	1504	1549
22	1271	1310	1349	1389	1431	1474	1518	1564	1611
23	1322	1362	1403	1445	1488	1533	1579	1626	1675
24	1375	1416	1459	1503	1548	1594	1642	1691	1742
25	1430	1473	1517	1563	1610	1658	1708	1759	1812
26	1487	1532	1578	1625	1674	1724	1776	1829	1884
27	1547	1593	1641	1690	1741	1793	1847	1903	1960
28	1609	1657	1707	1758	1811	1865	1921	1979	2038
29	1673	1723	1775	1828	1883	1940	1998	2058	2120
30	1740	1792	1846	1901	1959	2017	2078	2140	2204
31	1810	1864	1920	1978	2037	2098	2161	2226	2292
32	1882	1939	1997	2057	2118	2182	2247	2315	2384
33	1957	2016	2077	2139	2203	2269	2337	2407	2480
34	2036	2097	2160	2224	2291	2360	2431	2504	2579
35	2117	2181	2246	2313	2383	2454	2528	2604	2682

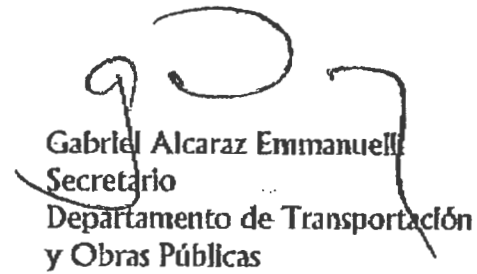
NQ153 P.19

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS									
NÚMERO DE LA ESCALA	TIPO MÍNIMO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIPO MÁXIMO
36	2202	2268	2336	2406	2478	2552	2629	2708	2789
37	2290	2359	2429	2502	2577	2655	2734	2816	2901
38	2381	2453	2526	2602	2680	2761	2844	2929	3017
39	2477	2551	2628	2706	2788	2871	2957	3046	3137

En Guaynabo, Puerto Rico a FEB 28 2005



Marta J. Beltrán Dones
Directora
Oficina de Recursos Humanos
Del Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico



Gabriel Alcaraz Emmanuelli
Secretario
Departamento de Transportación
y Obras Públicas

Vertical
1-18 2.7%
18-39 4%

Horizontal
1-19 2.4%
20-39 3%

MAR. 26. 2007
MRJ/um

MAR. 26. 2007 1:29PM DTOP REC HUMANOS

DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS

ESCALAS DE SUELDOS APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN VS.
ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO DE PUERTO RICO PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE OCTUBRE DE 1996

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS									
Número de la Escala	Tipo Mínimo	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Tipo Máximo
1	772	794	816	839	862	886	911	937	963
2	795	817	840	864	888	913	938	965	992
3	819	842	866	890	915	940	967	994	1021
4	844	867	891	916	942	968	996	1023	1052
5	869	893	918	944	970	998	1025	1054	1084
6	895	920	946	972	999	1027	1056	1086	1116
7	922	948	974	1001	1029	1058	1088	1118	1150
8	949	976	1003	1031	1060	1090	1121	1152	1184
9	978	1005	1033	1062	1092	1123	1154	1186	1220
10	1007	1035	1064	1094	1125	1156	1189	1222	1256
11	1038	1067	1096	1127	1159	1191	1224	1259	1294
12	1069	1099	1129	1161	1193	1227	1261	1297	1333
13	1103	1138	1173	1209	1247	1285	1325	1366	1409
14	1139	1175	1211	1248	1287	1327	1368	1411	1454
15	1176	1213	1250	1289	1329	1370	1413	1456	1502
16	1214	1252	1291	1331	1372	1415	1459	1504	1550
17	1254	1293	1333	1374	1417	1461	1506	1553	1601

2

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS									
Número de la Escala	Tipo Mínimo	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Tipo Máximo
18	1295	1335	1376	1419	1463	1508	1555	1603	1653
19	1340	1384	1430	1477	1526	1576	1628	1682	1737
20	1387	1433	1480	1529	1579	1631	1685	1741	1798-1877
21	1435	1483	1532	1582	1635	1688	1744	1802	1861
22	1486	1535	1585	1638	1692	1748	1805	1865	1926
23	1545	1599	1655	1713	1773	1835	1899	1966	2035
24	1607	1663	1721	1782	1844	1909	1975	2044	2116
25	1671	1730	1790	1853	1918	1985	2054	2126	2201
26	1738	1799	1862	1927	1994	2064	2137	2211	2289
27	1808	1871	1936	2004	2074	2147	2222	2300	2380
28	1880	1946	2014	2084	2157	2233	2311	2392	2475
29	1955	2023	2094	2168	2243	2322	2403	2487	2574
30	2033	2104	2178	2254	2333	2415	2499	2587	2677

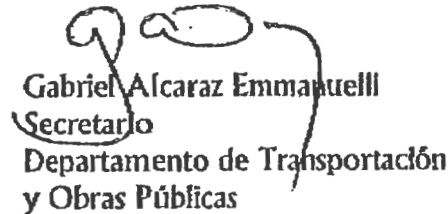
En Guaynabo, Puerto Rico a FEB 28 2005


Marta T. Beltrán Dones

Directora
Oficina de Recursos Humanos
Del Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico

Vertical
1-12-3%
12-18-3.25%
18-22-3.5%
22-30-4%


Mr. J. M. J. M.


Gabriel Alcaraz Emmanuelli
Secretario
Departamento de Transportación
y Obras Públicas

Horizontal
1-12-2.8%
13-18-3.1%
19-22-3.3%
23-30-3.5%

20 7 201-2,279-

20 2380-2463-2499-2638-2730-2825-2923-3024-3124-

NO.153 P.22

DTOP REC HUMANOS

1:30PM

MAR.26.2007


Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico
DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS


ESCALAS DE SUELDOS APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN VS. ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO DE PUERTO RICO PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE SEPTIEMBRE DE 1997

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS												
Número de la Escala	Tipo Mínimo	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Tipo Máximo
1	840	861	883	905	927	950	974	998	1023	1049	1075	1102
2	865	887	909	932	955	979	1003	1028	1054	1081	1108	1135
3	891	913	936	960	984	1008	1033	1059	1086	1113	1141	1169
4	918	941	964	988	1013	1039	1064	1091	1118	1146	1175	1204
5	945	969	993	1018	1044	1070	1096	1124	1152	1181	1210	1240
6	974	998	1023	1049	1075	1102	1129	1158	1186	1216	1247	1278
7	1003	1028	1054	1080	1107	1135	1163	1192	1222	1253	1284	1316
8	1033	1059	1085	1113	1140	1169	1198	1228	1259	1290	1322	1356
9	1064	1091	1118	1146	1175	1204	1234	1265	1296	1329	1362	1396
10	1096	1123	1151	1180	1210	1240	1271	1303	1335	1369	1403	1438
11	1129	1157	1186	1216	1246	1277	1309	1342	1375	1410	1445	1481
12	1163	1192	1222	1252	1283	1316	1348	1382	1417	1452	1488	1526
13	1203	1240	1277	1315	1354	1395	1437	1480	1524	1570	1617	1666
14	1246	1283	1321	1361	1402	1444	1487	1532	1578	1625	1674	1724
15	1289	1328	1368	1409	1451	1495	1539	1586	1633	1682	1733	1785
16	1334	1374	1416	1458	1502	1547	1593	1641	1690	1741	1793	1847
17	1381	1422	1465	1509	1554	1601	1649	1698	1749	1802	1856	1912

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS												
Número de la Escala	Tipo Mínimo	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Tipo Máximo
18	1429	1472	1516	1562	1609	1657	1707	1758	1811	1865	1921	1979
19	1483	1531	1581	1632	1685	1740	1797	1855	1915	1978	2042	2108
20	1539	1589	1640	1693	1749	1805	1864	1925	1987	2052	2118	2187
21	1596	1648	1702	1757	1814	1873	1934	1997	2062	2129	2198	2269
22	1656	1710	1765	1823	1882	1943	2006	2072	2139	2208	2280	2354
23	1722	1787	1854	1923	1996	2070	2148	2229	2312	2399	2489	2582
24	1791	1858	1928	2000	2075	2153	2234	2318	2405	2495	2588	2685
25	1863	1933	2005	2080	2158	2239	2323	2410	2501	2595	2692	2793
26	1937	2010	2085	2164	2245	2329	2416	2507	2601	2698	2800	2905
27	2015	2090	2169	2250	2335	2422	2513	2607	2705	2806	2912	3021
28	2095	2174	2256	2340	2428	2519	2613	2711	2813	2919	3028	3142
29	2179	2261	2346	2434	2525	2620	2718	2820	2926	3035	3149	3267
30	2266	2351	2440	2531	2626	2725	2827	2933	3043	3157	3275	3398

En Guaynabo, Puerto Rico a FEB 28 2005


Marta T. Beltrán Dones
Directora
Oficina de Recursos Humanos
Del Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico


Gabriel Alcaraz Emmanuelli
Secretario
Departamento de Transportación
y Obras Públicas

Horizontal
1-12-2.5%
13-18-3.0%
19-22-3.2%
23-30-3.7%

Vertical
1-12-3%
12-18-3.4%
18-23-3.7%
23-30-4.0%*

P.24
Nº153

1:30PM
DTOP REC HUMANOS

MAR. 26. 2007
MAR. 26. 2007

Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico
DEPARTAMENTO DE TRANSPORTACIÓN Y OBRAS PÚBLICAS

ESCALAS DE SUELDOS APLICABLES EN EL CASO NÚM. KAC-1990-487 DE JUAN PÉREZ COLÓN VS. ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO DE PUERTO RICO PARA SER EFECTIVAS AL 1 DE SEPTIEMBRE DE 2000

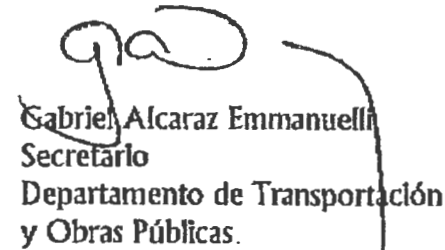
TIPOS INTERMEDIOS												
Número de la Escala	Tipo Mínimo	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Tipo Máximo
1	943	967	991	1016	1041	1067	1094	1121	1149	1178	1207	1237
2	971	996	1020	1046	1072	1099	1126	1155	1183	1213	1243	1274
3	1000	1025	1051	1077	1104	1132	1160	1189	1219	1249	1281	1313
4	1030	1056	1083	1110	1137	1166	1195	1225	1255	1287	1319	1352
5	1061	1088	1115	1143	1172	1201	1231	1262	1293	1325	1359	1393
6	1093	1121	1149	1177	1207	1237	1268	1299	1332	1365	1399	1434
7	1126	1154	1183	1213	1243	1274	1306	1338	1372	1406	1441	1477
8	1160	1189	1218	1249	1280	1312	1345	1379	1413	1448	1485	1522
9	1195	1224	1255	1286	1319	1352	1385	1420	1455	1492	1529	1567
10	1230	1261	1293	1325	1358	1392	1427	1463	1499	1537	1575	1614
11	1267	1299	1331	1365	1399	1434	1470	1506	1544	1583	1622	1663
12	1305	1338	1371	1406	1441	1477	1514	1552	1590	1630	1671	1713
13	1350	1390	1432	1475	1519	1565	1612	1660	1710	1761	1814	1868
14	1396	1437	1481	1525	1571	1618	1666	1716	1768	1821	1876	1932
15	1443	1486	1531	1577	1624	1673	1723	1775	1828	1883	1939	1998
16	1492	1537	1583	1630	1679	1730	1782	1835	1890	1947	2005	2065
17	1543	1589	1637	1686	1736	1789	1842	1898	1954	2013	2073	2136

TIPOS INTERMEDIOS												
Número de la Escala	Tipo Mínimo	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Tipo Máximo
18	1595	1643	1692	1743	1796	1849	1905	1962	2021	2082	2144	2208
19	1654	1707	1762	1818	1876	1937	1998	2062	2128	2197	2267	2339
20	1716	1770	1827	1886	1946	2008	2072	2139	2207	2278	2351	2426
21	1779	1836	1895	1955	2018	2082	2149	2218	2289	2362	2438	2516
22	1845	1904	1965	2028	2093	2160	2229	2300	2374	2449	2528	2609
23	1913	1984	2057	2133	2212	2294	2379	2467	2558	2653	2751	2853
24	1990	2063	2140	2219	2301	2386	2474	2566	2661	2759	2861	2967
25	2069	2146	2225	2307	2393	2481	2573	2668	2767	2870	2976	3086
26	2152	2232	2314	2400	2489	2581	2676	2775	2878	2984	3095	3209
27	2238	2321	2407	2496	2588	2684	2783	2886	2993	3104	3219	3338
28	2328	2414	2503	2596	2692	2791	2895	3002	3113	3228	3347	3471
29	2421	2510	2603	2699	2799	2903	3010	3122	3237	3357	3481	3610
30	2518	2611	2707	2807	2911	3019	3131	3247	3367	3491	3620	3754

En Guaynabo, Puerto Rico a FEB 28 2005


Marta T. Beltrán Dones

Directora
Oficina de Recursos Humanos
Del Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico


Gabriel Alcaraz Emmanuelli
Secretario
Departamento de Transportación
y Obras Públicas.

Horizontal
1-12-2.5%
13-18-3.0%
19-22-3.2%
23-30-3.7%

Vertical
1-12-3%
12-18-3.4%
18-23-3.7%
23-30-4.0%

Nº153 P.27

DTOP REC HUMANOS

1:31PM

MAR. 26. 2007

MR/imm

ACCRUED POST PETITION UNPAID WAGES-PLAINTIFF'S CREDITORS IN RE: ABRAHAM GIMENEZ, JORGE L., ET ALS
(1084 PLAINTIFF GROUP) Vs. DEPARTMENT TRASPORTATION AND PUBLIC WORKS, ,CASP, CASE NO. 2021-05-03466

A: CREDITOR UNPAID POST PETITION WAGES, WERE CALCULATED ON A CALENDAR BASIS FROM MAY 4, 2017 TO MARCH 30, 2022 REPRESENTIG 4 YEARS 10 MONTH THAT EQUALS 58 MONTHS AFTER MEASURING DAY.

	NAME	REGULAR SALARY MONTHLY SHORTFALL	UNPAID BALANCE (4 years and 10 months) or-less, as individually applicable.	PAY SCALE
1	ABRAHAM GIMENEZ, JORGE L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
2	ABUDO LUGO, HILDA E.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
3	ACEVEDO BONILLA, NILDA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
4	ACEVEDO FERRER, MARITZA	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	15
5	CEVEDO TIRADO, LYMAR	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
6	ACEVEDO TORRES, RENARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
7	ACEVEDO, VILMARIE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
8	ACOSTA BATISTA, RAMÓN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
9	ACOSTA FELICIANO, MARIBEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
10	COSTA RODRIGUEZ, ANDRES	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
11	ADAMS ERAZO, FIORDALIZA Z.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
12	AGOSTO COLÓN , LAURA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
13	AGOSTO QUINONEZ, YOHAMA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
14	AGOSTO VAZQUEZ, JESÚS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
15	ALAGO AYALA, LUIS A.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	7
16	ALAMEDA ACEVEDO, ANIBAL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
17	ALICEA DIAZ, MIRIAM	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
18	ALICEA ROLDAN, DEBBIE L.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
19	ALICEA ROLDAN, DIANA E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
20	ALLENDE DE JESUS, ANGEL L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
21	ALVARADO TORRES, MARIA DE L.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
22	ALVARADO VELEZ, WANDA I.	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	14
23	ALVAREZ BONETA, CARLOS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
24	ALVAREZ CINTRON, HIGINIO	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
25	AMARO SOTO, MARTIN G.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
26	ANDINO LPEZ, ANGEL	\$50.00	\$800.00	4
27	ANDINO ROMAN, ISIDRO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
28	ANDRADE ACEVEDO, EDWIN F.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
29	ANGULO ROSA, JESSICA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
30	APONTE APONTE , HECTOR L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
31	APONTE APONTE , ISRAEL	\$90.00	\$5,220.00	9
32	APONTE CANALES, WANDA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
33	ARCE ROMAN, ABNER	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
34	ARCE ROSA, JORGE L.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
35	AROCHO NUÑEZ, ELIX S.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1

36	ARROYO RIVERA, ROBERTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
37	ARZUAGA BELTRAN, YAHAIRA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
38	ASENCIO REYES, DALIA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
39	AYALA AYALA, ERNESTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
40	AYALA NIEVES, ELIX M.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
41	AYALA ORTIZ, MARILYN	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
42	AYALA SUAREZ, JOSE A.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	8
43	BABILONIA MORALES, ELVIN J.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
44	BABILONIA MORALES, TOMAS	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
45	BAEZ FLORES, NANCY	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
46	BAEZ RAMOS, CECILIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
47	BAEZ ROSARIO, MIGUEL	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
48	BAEZ CRUZ, EUCLIDES	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
49	BAEZ DE JESÚS, JUAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
50	BAEZ FLORES, NANCY	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
51	BAEZ LANZA, LAURA M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
52	BAEZ MORENO, CARMEN M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
53	BAHAMUNDI ALICEA, ANGEL M .	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
54	BARBOSA AYALA, MARILYN N.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
55	BARRETO LIMA, CARLOS R.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
56	BARRETO PÉREZ, PABLO	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
57	BARRETO ALDARONDO, OLGA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
58	BARROZA VIERA, ABNER	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
59	BEAUCHAMP MUÑIZ, JOSEPHMIELD	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
60	BELDECIA TORRES, JOSE I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
61	BELEN , LUIS ANTONIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
62	BELEN CHEVELIER, MARIA A.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
63	BELLIDO SANTIAGO, ISAAC	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
64	BENDECIDA TORRES, JOSE L	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
65	BENITEZ CASTRO, ANTONIO L.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
66	BENITEZ JIMENES , HUGO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
67	BENITEZ NAVAS, JACOBO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
68	BERDEGUEZ SANCHEZ, LUIS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
69	BERNIER PAGAN, JANITZA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
70	BERRIOS RIVERA, WILLIAM E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
71	BERRIOS PASTRANA, JORGE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
72	BINET ROBLES, PAUL	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
73	BLANCO VARGAS, JOSE A.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
74	BOBE PADILLA , RADAMES	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
75	BONILLA RIVERA, LUZ M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
76	BREN RAMOS, IVONNE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
77	BRIOSO TEXIDOR, ANGEL W.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
78	BURGOS ELIZA, HILDA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
79	BURGOS MELENDEZ, SONIA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
80	BURGOS SERRANO, HECTOR M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
81	CABAN MORALES, SAMUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
82	CABAN SOTO, RAFAEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
83	CABRERA GONZALEZ, FELIX	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2

84	CABRERA HERNANDEZ, LUIS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
85	CABRERA SANCHEZ, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
86	CALCAÑO LIND, JEHN Y	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
87	CALDERO CANABAL, NIDIA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
88	CALDERON MATOS, VICTOR J.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
89	CALDERON CASANOVA, AURELIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
90	CALDERON CEPEDA, LUIS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
91	CALDERON CLEMENTE, JOSE RAUL	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
92	CALDERON HERNANDEZ, TIRSON L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
93	CALDERON PÉREZ , PABLO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
94	CALDERON SERRANO, JORGE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
95	CALDERON VIZCARRONDO, ANGEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
96	CAMACHO GALARZA, MIGUEL	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
97	CAMACHO MULERO, HECTOR M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
98	CAMACHO PÉREZ, IVELISSE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
99	CAMACHO TAÑON, RAMÓN	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
100	CAMARENO GOMEZ, JUAN C.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
101	CANALES RIVERA, JORGE E.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
102	CANCEL GAUD, ANETTE	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
103	CANOVANA DIAZ, MARCOS	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
104	CARABALLO ESCOBAR, ALFREDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
105	CARABALLO PEÑA, FRANCISCO X.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
106	CARABALLO SANTIAGO, ANGEL M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
107	CARABALLO SANTIAGO, CARLOS M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
108	CARABALLO SANTIAGO, JUAN C.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
109	CARAFFA LOPEZ, JOSE L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
110	CARAY VAZQUEZ, LUZ M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
111	CARDONA MALDONADO, MARIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
112	CARDONA MARQUEZ, NANCY I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
113	CARDOZA GARCÍA, JUAN E.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
114	CARDOZA GARCÍA, NELSON	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
115	CARDOZO LOPEZ, ERIC	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
116	CARMONA DOMINGUEZ, CATALINOJ.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
117	CARRASCO MARTINEZ, JOSE L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
118	CARRASQUILLO CUEVAS, WANDA W.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
119	CARRASQUILLO DAVILA, JOSE R.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
120	CARRASQUILLO MORALES, JESÚS E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
121	CARRASQUILLO RIVERA, SUGEILY	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
122	CARRASQUILLO ROSARIO, KATHY	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
123	CARRAU ACOSTA, FREDERWINDA	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
124	CARRERO DE JESUS, ELIAS D.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
125	CARRERO DE JESUS, JUAN J.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
126	CARRION CASTRO, FERNANDO L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
127	CARRION GUZMAN, LUZ NEREIDA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
128	CARRION RODRIGUEZ, ALEX	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
129	CARTAGENA RODRIGUEZ, HERIBERTO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
130	CASIANO COLON, IRVING O.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3

131	CASILLAS SMITH, FRANCISCO	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	7
132	CASTILLO OCASIO, TOMAS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
133	CASTRO CASTRO, HORTENSIA	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
134	CASTRO FIGUEROA, DAVID	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
135	CASTRO RODRIGUEZ, JESSICA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
136	CEDEÑO VAZQUEZ, OSVALDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
137	CEPEDA RAMOS, WILMA	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
138	CEPERO VALIENTE, ZAIDA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
139	CESPEDE DE RIVERA, VERANIA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
140	CINTRON VEGA, ALMA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
141	CIRINO CORDERO, LUIS A.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
142	CIRINO RIVERA, LUIS A.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
143	CISNEROS CRUZ, MILAGROS	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
144	CLASS BENGOCHEA, VIVIAN A.	\$70.00	\$1,890.00	8
145	CLASS QUIROS, MONSERRATE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
146	CLAUDIO FLORES, HECTOR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
147	CLAUDIO LUCIANO, RONALD	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
148	CLEMENTE ANDINO, CLARA	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
149	CLEMENTE PIZARRO, JOEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
150	COLLAZO CARABALLO, GLORIA	\$90.00	\$5,220.00	12
151	COLÓN ROSARIO, JONATHAN	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
152	COLÓN ALMODOVAR, GIOVANNA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
153	COLÓN ANDUJAR, ISAMAEL	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
154	COLON BERMUDEZ, CARLOS A.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
155	COLÓN CASTRO, LUIS M.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
156	COLON CORTIJO, MARIA DE LOS A.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
157	COLÓN DE LEON, WILFRIED	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	4
158	COLÓN FELIX, MARIANO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
159	COLON GALLEG0, ANIBAL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
160	COLÓN GARCÍA, PEDRO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
161	COLON GONZALEZ, IVETTE D.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
162	COLÓN MEDINA, WILLIAM	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
163	COLON MIRANDA, LILLIE ANNE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
164	COLÓN ORTIZ, ROSA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
165	COLON OSORIO, ALEX	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
166	COLON QUIÑONES, SONIA N.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
167	COLÓN RIVERA, BLANCA E	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
168	COLÓN RIVERA, ENEIDA M.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
169	COLON RIVERA, GLORIBELL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
170	COLÓN RODRIGUEZ, HECTOR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
171	COLON SANCHEZ, GILBERTO	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
172	COLON SANTIAGO, EDDIE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
173	COLON SERRANO, EFRAIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
174	COLON VAZQUEZ, ANGEL L.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
175	CONCEPCION ALVARADO, RAFAEL A.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
176	CONCEPCION CINTRON, DANIEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
177	CONCEPCION PEREZ, CINTHIA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5

178	CONCEPCION RODRIGUEZ, JORGE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
179	CORADIN DE MELENDEZ , NILKA	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
180	CORALES RAMOS, EVELYN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
181	CORDERO VERA , ANA C.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
182	CORDOVA DIAZ, MARCOS	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
183	CORDOVA RIVERA, REYNALDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
184	CORREA MONCLOVA, MIGUEL A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
185	CORREA RODRIGUEZ, CARMEN	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
186	CORREA VALLE, JUAN GABRIEL	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
187	CORTES DELGADO, JESÚS M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
188	COSTAS MARTÍNEZ, CARMEN M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
189	CRESPO FELICIANO, HECTOR M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
190	CRESPO LUGO, JUAN C.	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	13
191	CRESPO PÉREZ, PABLO	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	13
192	CRUZ AGUSTINI, ALEJANDRO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
193	CRUZ CABRERA, MARIA DE L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
194	CRUZ CANCEL, CARLOS E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
195	CRUZ CARRASQUILLO, MIKE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
196	CRUZ CINTRON, CARMEN	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
197	CRUZ CRUZ, MEYLI	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
198	CRUZ DELGADO, RAMONITA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
199	CRUZ GALARZA, RAMON	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
200	CRUZ GARAY, RAMÓN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
201	CRUZ GONZALEZ, ADALBERTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
202	CRUZ GONZALEZ, EDGARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
203	CRUZ LEBRON, JESÚS J	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
204	CRUZ MANNING, KELLY D.	\$90.00	\$5,220.00	12
205	CRUZ MARTINEZ, MARITZA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
206	CRUZ MUNIZ, ELLIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
207	CRUZ SANABRIA, MILLIE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
208	CRUZ SOTO, MANUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
209	CRUZ SOTO, RENE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
210	CRUZ TORRES, WOLDETRUDIS	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
211	CRUZ VALENTIN, CARLOS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
212	CRUZ CINTRON, EDUARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
213	CUADRADO RIVERA, JERRY	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
214	CUEVAS RIVERA, IBETH J.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
215	DAVILA DIAZ, JUSTINO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
216	DAVILA GONZALEZ, JUSTO E	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
217	DAVILA, JUSTO	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
218	DE JESÚS ARROYO, CARLOS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
219	DE JESÚS DE JESÚS, SANDRA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
220	DE JESUS OLIVO, IDA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
221	DE JESUS RIVERA, JESUS M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
222	DE JESUS RODRIGUEZ, MELVIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
223	DE JESÚS SALAZAR, WILLIAM	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
224	DE JESUS SANTIAGO, ANGEL F.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4

225	DE LEON CABRERA, MARITZA	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
226	DEL MORAL MELENDEZ, BENITO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
227	DELGADO COLLAZO, HILDA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
228	DELGADO HERNANDEZ, OLIVER	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
229	DELGADO REYES , SAMUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
230	DELGADO REYES, JOSE E.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
231	DELGADO SUAREZ, TEODORO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
232	DIAZ ALVARADO, ADELINA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
233	DIAZ CLAUDIO, OLGA G.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
234	DIAZ FLORES, HECTOR F.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
235	DIAZ GONZALEZ, ROSITA	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
236	DIAZ MATOS, LUZ S.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
237	DIAZ MIRANDA, LOURDES W.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	12
238	DIAZ OLMEDA, NIXA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
239	DIAZ OSCAÑA, ENID	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
240	DIAZ PAGAN, BRENDA I	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
241	DIAZ RAMOS, ANASTACIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
242	DIAZ RODRIGUEZ, CARMEN A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
243	DIAZ VALENTIN, EDGARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
244	DIAZ VAZQUEZ, MODESTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
245	DOMENECH SANCHEZ, VICTOR	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
246	DUCOS ACEVEDO, ROBERTO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8
247	ECHEVARIA MARTÍNEZ, RAMÓN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
248	ECHEVARRIA FIGUEROA, ELSIE.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
249	ECHEVARRIA, MONSERRATE	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
250	ENCARNANCION CRUZ, LUIS A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
251	ENCHAUTGUI CRUZ, EVELYN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
252	ESCALERA CALDERON, GERMAN	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	12
253	ESCOBAR MORALES, NAYDA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
254	FALLO LARACUENTE, LINETTE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
255	FARIA OYOLA, LIZYBETH	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
256	FEGED QUIJANO, ESTHER	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
257	FELICIANO CONCEPCION, ORLANDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
258	FELICIANO RAMOS, ALBERTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
259	FELICIANO RIVERA, DAVID	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
260	FELICIANO RIVERA, LUZ N	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
261	FELICIANO RODRIGUEZ, ORLANDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
262	FELICIANO SOTO, ELIZABETH	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
263	FELICIANO TORRES, YESENIA	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
264	FELIU RIVERA, JAVIER A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
265	FERNANDEZ CASTILLO, GUARINA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
266	FERNANDEZ PÉREZ, LILLIAM E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
267	FERNANDEZ, MARIA A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
268	FIGUEROA CRUZ, LESLIE	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
269	FIGUEROA HERNAIZ, LUMARIE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
270	FIGUEROA MATIAS, JESSICA M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
271	FIGUEROA ORTIZ, LIMARYS	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
272	FIGUEROA SERRANO, ENRIQUE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1

273	FIGUEROA VILLEGAS, JORGE L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
274	FLORES SILVA, MERCEDES	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
275	FLORES CARBONELL, CARLOS A.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
276	FLORES FLORES, MIGUEL A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
277	FLORES RIVERA, MARIELI	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
278	FONTANEZ PEÑA, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
279	FORESTIER GONZALEZ, WALDEMAR	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
280	FRANCES, HECTOR D.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
281	FRANCO RIVERA, MIGUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
282	FUENTES AYALA, WILIBALDO	\$90.00	\$5,220.00	6
283	FUENTES TORRES, MARIELLY	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
284	FUSTER ROMERO, MARY LENY	\$90.00	\$5,220.00	9
285	GALARZA DONES, JORGE L.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
286	GARAY VAZQUEZ, LUZ M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
287	GARCIA ALBINO, MIGUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
288	GARCÍA BONILLA, REDANIEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
289	GARCIA COLON, RAUL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
290	GARCÍA CRUZ, ELVIMARIS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
291	GARCIA PIZARRO, THALIA M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
292	GARCÍA ROSARIO, EMILSE	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	8
293	GARCIA SEVILLA, ANGEL	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
294	GARRASTEGUI OCASIO, MARITZA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
295	GAUTIER ARRIETA, DEBRA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
296	GAZTAMBIDE MELENDEZ, LUCY	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
297	GERENA MATEO, WILSON	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
298	GOMEZ RAMOS, EFRAIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
299	GOMEZ AREVALO, MARCELINO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
300	GOMEZ FERRER, ENID	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
301	GOMEZ JUSINO, KATHERINE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
302	GONZALEZ AGUIRRE, CORALIS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
303	GONZALEZ APONTE, LUIS A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
304	GONZALEZ AVILES, MIGDALIA	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
305	GONZALEZ BAEZ, RAMÓN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
306	GONZALEZ CASTRO, ANETTE	\$90.00	\$5,220.00	9
307	GONZALEZ CASTRO, ANGEL L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
308	GONZALEZ FERNANDEZ, WILBERTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
309	GONZALEZ GOMEZ, JOSE F.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
310	GONZALEZ GONZALEZ, IVETTE E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
311	GONZALEZ GONZALEZ, LEONIDA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
312	GONZALEZ GONZALEZ, MIRTA I	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
313	GONZALEZ HERNANDEZ, RICARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
314	GONZALEZ LOPEZ, ISRAEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
315	GONZALEZ LOPEZ, OSIRIS	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
316	GONZALEZ LUGO, NILDA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
317	GONZALEZ MARCANO, MARIA A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
318	GONZALEZ RIOS, RAMON A.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
319	GONZALEZ RIVERA, BENJAMIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
320	GONZALEZ ROBLES, CARMELO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1

321	GONZALEZ SOTO, ISMAEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
322	GONZALEZ VEGA, HECTOR M.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
323	GONZALEZ CUEVAS, MARIA E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
324	GONZALEZ MARTINEZ, MARIA D.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
325	GONZALEZ ORTIZ, JOSE A.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
326	GONZALEZ ORTIZ, MARIA DE LOS A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
327	GONZALEZ PEREZ, CARLOS M	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
328	GONZALEZ RAMIREZ, MARIELA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
329	GONZALEZ RAMOS, GUILLERMO	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
330	GONZALEZ RIVERA, BENJAMIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
331	GONZALEZ ROBLES, CARMELO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
332	GONZALEZ RODRIGUEZ, OSCAR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
333	GONZALEZ ROLON , RAFAEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
334	GONZALEZ ROSARIO, MICHELLE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
335	GONZALEZ TORRES, ANGEL LUIS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
336	GONZALEZ TORRES, LUZ N.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
337	GONZALEZ ZAMBRANA, EDITH	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
338	GOYCO ROMERO, EDWIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
339	GRACIA PÉREZ, NORBERTO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
340	GRAFALS SANTIAGO, YANITZA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
341	GUADALUPE VEGA, JOSE L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
342	GUADARRAMA CAMACHO, CARMEN M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
343	GUIDAS VELAZQUEZ, ANGEL L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
344	GUTIERREZ MENDEZ, ISMAEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
345	GUZMAN AYALA, IDALIZ	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8
346	GUZMAN CRUZ, CRISTINO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
347	GUZMAN RODRIGUEZ, IVELISSE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
348	GUZMAN ROSADO, CARMEN I.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
349	HATCHETT ISAAC, JUAN I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
350	HERNANDEZ ALVAREZ, MARIA I.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
351	HERNANDEZ CORTES, JESSICA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
352	HERNANDEZ DECOZ, LYDIA E.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
353	HERNANDEZ FELICIANO, ERIC	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
354	HERNANDEZ HERRERA, LUIS A.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
355	HERNANDEZ IRRIZARY, NEFTALY	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
356	HERNANDEZ JAMARDOS, RICARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
357	HERNANDEZ MORALES, DAYSI J.	\$90.00	\$5,220.00	6
358	HERNANDEZ NIEVES, LIONELL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
359	HERNANDEZ ORTIZ, WILLIAM	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
360	HERNANDEZ OSORIO, FELIX M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
361	HERNANDEZ PÉREZ, LUIS A.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
362	HERNANDEZ REVERON ANGEL L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
363	HERNANDEZ ROSADO, SECUNDINO	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	8
364	HERNANDEZ VICENTE, MARCOS	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	8
365	HERRERARODRIGUEZ, LUIS A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
366	HOLDOCK COLÓN, ENEIDA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
367	HUERTAS OCASIO, THELMA N.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
368	IRIZARRY DOMENECH, MINERVA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6

369	IRIZARRY GALIANO, JUAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
370	IRIZARRY MERCADO, LUIS	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	9
371	IRIZARRY PÉREZ, GERARDO	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
372	IRIZARRY ROSAS, LUIS A.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
373	IRIZARRY VEGA, JOSE M.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
374	IRRIZARY NEGRON, WILLIAM	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
375	IRRIZARY QUINTANA, JOSE A	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
376	IZQUIERDO PÉREZ, RAFAEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
377	JIMENEZ BURGOS, MARIA C.	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	17
378	JIMENEZ COLLAZO, OMayra	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
379	JIMENEZ ORTIZ, JOSE M.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
380	JIMENEZ PONS, REINALDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
381	JIMENEZ VALE, OSCAR	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
382	JIRAU VAZQUEZ, JUAN M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
383	LABOY RIVERA, ZUELEN J.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
384	LATONI MEDINA, MARIA DE LOS M.	\$50.00	\$1,550.00	2
385	LAUIREANO CORDOVA, LUZ E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
386	LEBRON CADIZ, ISMAEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
387	LEBRON LEBRON, MIGUEL A.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
388	LEDEE COLÓN, AIDA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
389	LEON AQUINO, MARIA DE LOS A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
390	LEON DEL CAMPO, REBECCA N.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
391	LIND PINET, DAVID	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
392	LISBOA CUPELES, HERBERT	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
393	LLABRERAS SANTIAGO, EDWIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
394	LLINAS TORRES, ESTHER	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
395	LLORENS FRANDERA, ALFREDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
396	LOPERANA ORTIZ, NANNETE G	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
397	LOPEZ CEPERO VALIENTE, ZORAIDA (ZAIDA)	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
398	LOPEZ CORDERO, JOHN A.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
399	LOPEZ CRUZ, RAFAEL A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
400	LOPEZ GALDON, IRIS	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
401	LOPEZ LOPEZ, EDWIN	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
402	LOPEZ LOPEZ, NESTOR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
403	LOPEZ PÉREZ, MARIAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
404	LOPEZ SALDAÑA, JUAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
405	LOPEZ TORRES, HECTOR	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
406	LOPEZ TORRES, MARIA DE LOA .	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
407	LOPEZ VELAZQUEZ, WILFREDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
408	LOPEZ, ORLANDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
409	LORENZO MUÑIZ, OTILIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
410	LOZADA VELASQUEZ, JESÚS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
411	LUCEMA GARCÍA, CONFESOR	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
412	LUGO ESPINOSA, EDDIE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
413	LUGO CASTELLANO, CARMELO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
414	LUGO CRUZ, MARIBEL	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
415	LUGO GONZALEZ, TEODOCIO	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6

416	LUGO HERNANDEZ, ABRAHAM	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
417	LUGO HERNANDEZ, ANNETTE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
418	LUGO LOPEZ, TANIA	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	13
419	LUGO PAGAN, ERICH	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
420	LUGO RIVERA, FELIX	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
421	LUGO RIVERA, MARICELYS	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
422	LUNA FIGUEROA, LUZ M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
423	MADERA SANTANA, DOMINGO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
424	MALDONADO MALDONADO, SABINA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
425	MALDONADO CASTRO, MAYDA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
426	MALDONADO GREEN, SONA E.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
427	MALDONADO MALDONADO, ROLANDO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
428	MALDONADO MINGUELA, ISRAEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
429	MALDONADO RIVERA, MARANGELIE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
430	MALDONADO VELASQUEZ, LIONEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
431	MARRERO BARBOSA, LUZ	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
432	MARRERO FELICIANO, EVELYN	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
433	MARRERO MONTES, LUIS H	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
434	MARTE ALTUREZ, ESTEBAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
435	MARTIN BELLO, EVELYN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
436	MARTINEZ ACEVEDO, NERY N.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
437	MARTINEZ ALICEA, ERMITAÑO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
438	MARTINEZ ARROYO, JOSE A.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
439	MARTINEZ CALDER, VIRGINIA R.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	5
440	MARTINEZ CARRASQUILLO, MARIA S.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
441	MARTINEZ DEL VALLE, EDUARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
442	MARTINEZ FELICIANO, MARISEL	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
443	MARTINEZ FERNANDEZ, ANGEL M.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	8
444	MARTINEZ LIMA, CECILIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
445	MARTINEZ LUGO, FRANSISCO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
446	MARTINEZ MARRERO, JOSE ANTONIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
447	MARTINEZ MARTÍNEZ, ANGEL D J	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
448	MARTINEZ MASSA, JOSE E.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
449	MARTINEZ MERCADO, ARTURO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
450	MARTINEZ MONTAÑEZ, REINALDO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
451	MARTINEZ MORRENO, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
452	MARTINEZ RODRIGUEZ, DALLYS J.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8
453	MARTINEZ SANTIAGO, JOEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
454	MARTINEZ TRINIDAD, CEFERINO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
455	MARTY PÉREZ, JAVIER	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
456	MAS GONZALEZ , JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
457	MATHEU TORRES, JOSE I.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
458	MATIAS MARTÍNEZ, WILLIAM	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
459	MATOS RIVERA, EDDIE	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
460	MATTAU TORRES, JOSE I.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
461	MAYZONET ANDUJAR, SANTOS F.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
462	MEDINA CORDERO, GRISEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
463	MEDINA GARCIA, SONIA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8

464	MEDINA TORO, CLARA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
465	MEDINA VERGARA, CARMELO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
466	MEJIAS REYES, YASMIN	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
467	MELENDEZ COTTO, PEDRO A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
468	MELENDEZ ROBLES, AMETTE	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
469	MELENDEZ RODRIGUEZ, KAREN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
470	MELENDEZ SUSTACHE, BASILIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
471	MELENDEZ VAZQUEZ, DOLORES	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
472	MENDEZ GONZALEZ, EDWIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
473	MENDEZ GONZALEZ, EFRAIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
474	MENDEZ RAMOS, RUBEN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
475	MENDEZ RUIZ, SELANIA	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
476	MENDEZ VARGAS, CESAR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
477	MENDEZ, RAFAEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
478	MENDEZ, SIGFREDO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
479	MENDOZA GONZALEZ, MARCELINO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
480	MENDOZA MORA, PEDRO J.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
481	MENDOZA SANCHEZ, LUZ M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
482	MERCADO AVILES , JORGE L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
483	MERCADO BONETA, NELSON	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
484	MERCADO CASIANO, FRANCISCO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
485	MERCADO GONZALEZ, ELBA LUZ	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
486	MIRANDA BONILLA, GLADYS M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
487	MIRANDA GONZALEZ, WALESKA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
488	MIRANDA MIRANDA, JUAN A.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
489	MIRANDA RIVERA, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
490	MOJICA MORALES, MAYRA I.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	8
491	MOJICA VELAZQUEZ , DORIS	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
492	MOLINA CUEVAS, ELDA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8
493	MOLINA RIVERA, JOMARA	\$90.00	\$5,220.00	10
494	MOLINA VAZQUEZ, LYDIA E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
495	MONTALVO OLIVER, ANITA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
496	MONTES IRIZARRY, WIFREDY	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
497	MORALES CABAN, AVELINO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
498	MORALES CHACON, OLGA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
499	MORALES COLÓN, IVAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
500	MORALES FIGUEROA, JAHIRA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
501	MORALES GALARZA, NORMA	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
502	MORALES GONZALEZ, SHAYRA	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
503	MORALES LEBRON, GILBERTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
504	MORALES MUNIZ, JULIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
505	MORALES NIEVES, JUAN M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
506	MORALES ORTIZ, JORGE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
507	MORALES PÉREZ, GILBERTO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
508	MORALES PROPEDE, GLORIMAR	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
509	MORALES RAMOS, ANGEL L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
510	MORALES RODRIGUEZ, ONOYOLA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
511	MORALES ROSARIO, RICARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1

512	MORALES SANTIAGO, YARITZA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
513	MORALES SANTOS , MANUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	10
514	MORALES SOTO, EDWIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
515	MORALES VALENTIN, MADELINE	\$70.00	\$1,890.00	7
516	MORAN GONZALEZ, HIGINIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
517	MOYET PEREZ, ROBERTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
518	MULERO SOTO, ALEXIS	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
519	MUNIZ QUINONES, FERNADO	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
520	MUNIZ QUINTANA, TOMAS	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8
521	MUNOZ TORRES, HAYDEE	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	7
522	MURPHY ORTIZ, JUAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
523	NATAL LOPEZ, MARIA V.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
524	NAVARO CASTRO, ZILKA M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
525	NAVARRO RODRIGUEZ, ETANISLAO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
526	NAVARRO FLORES, FRANCISCA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8
527	NAVARRO RAMOS, GLORIA E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
528	NAZARIO MORALES, WILFREDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
529	NEGRON ARCE, JOSE A	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
530	NEGRON BONILLA, ELIZABETH	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
531	NEGRON CHAVELL, RADAMES	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
532	NEGRON MARRERO, JAVIER	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
533	NEGRON ORTIZ, CARLOS R.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
534	NEGRON RIVERA, FELIX	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
535	NEGRON RODRIGUEZ, GABRIEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
536	NEGRON VELAZQUEZ, JORGE G.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
537	NIEVES FIGUEROA, ALEXANDER	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
538	NIEVES GARCÍA, HECTOR L.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	12
539	NIEVES HERNANDEZ, NANCY	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
540	NIEVES MEDINA, NOEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
541	NIEVES MORALES, LUIS A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	5
542	NIEVES NEGRON, JOSE MIGUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
543	NIEVES REYES , JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
544	NIEVES SOTO, AIDA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
545	NIEVES VALE, ELIAS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
546	O'FARRILL LAMB, HECTOR L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
547	OCASIO TORRES, LIZETTE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
548	OCASIO TORRES, MARIEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
549	OCASIO VARGAS, EDUARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
550	OLIVERAS OCASIO, LUIS C.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
551	OLMEDA DIAZ, OMAR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
552	OQUENDO MALDONADO, JESUS	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
553	OQUENDO MONTERO; ROSANA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
554	ORSINI VIERA, NEYDA L.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
555	ORTIZ ALAMO, SHARON	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
556	ORTIZ ARCE, MIGUEL A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
557	ORTIZ COLÓN, GUILLERMO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
558	ORTIZ COLÓN, SAUL	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4

559	ORTIZ DELGADO, ALVIN S.	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	13
560	ORTIZ FIGUEROA, YESENIA	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	13
561	ORTIZ FLORES, MABEL	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	12
562	ORTIZ GONZALEZ, IRIS JANET	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
563	ORTIZ LOPEZ , LYMARI	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
564	ORTIZ LOPEZ, KATIA Y.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
565	ORTIZ MALAVE, IVAN	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
566	ORTIZ MEDINA, ANA I	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
567	ORTIZ NUÑEZ, JORGE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
568	ORTIZ ORTIZ, ARLENE MARIE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
569	ORTIZ ORTIZ, IDALIA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
570	ORTIZ ORTIZ, JULIO E.	\$100.00	\$4,300.00	6
571	ORTIZ PABELLON, MARIA L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
572	ORTIZ QUILES, NICASIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
573	ORTIZ RIVERA , ROSA N.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
574	ORTIZ RIVERA, DANIEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
575	ORTIZ RIVERA, MARIA J.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
576	ORTIZ RODRIGUEZ, MAGDALENE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
577	ORTIZ SANTIAGO, SAMUEL	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
578	ORTIZ SILVA, JULIO	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
579	ORTIZ TORRES, VICTOR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
580	ORTIZ TRECHE, JULIO E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
581	OSORIO CARRASQUILLO, JOSE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
582	OSORIO DE LOS SANTOS, JOSE I.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
583	OSORIO ELVIRA, WANDA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
584	OTERO CASTRO, MARITZA E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
585	OTERO ROSARIO , HECTOR L.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
586	PACHECO RODRIGUEZ, JOSE R.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
587	PADILLA NIEVES, IVAN	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
588	PADILLA COLLAZO, MAUD	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
589	PADILLA NAZARIO, ANETTE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
590	PADILLA NIEVES, CANDIDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
591	PADILLA ROBLES, ROBERTO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
592	PADILLA ROSA, EVELYN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
593	PAGAN SANTIAGO, ERLYN	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	5
594	PAGAN CLAUDIO, JOSE R.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
595	PAGAN CRUZ, ROGELIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
596	PAGAN PEREZ, VICTOR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
597	PAGAN SERRANO, JOSE L.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	9
598	PAGAN VELAZQUEZ, DOMINGO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
599	PAOLI POLO, EDGARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
600	PASTRANA VALENTIN, RAMON	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
601	PEÑA BENITEZ, JORGE L.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
602	PEÑA BENITEZ, VICTOR W.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
603	PEÑA SANCHEZ, CECILIA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
604	PERAZA SOTOMAYOR, TOMAS	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
605	PEREZ ALVAREZ, LINETTE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
606	PÉREZ BAEZ, ANDRES	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4

607	PÉREZ DUMENG, ALEXANDRA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
608	PEREZ FELICIANO, AUREA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
609	PEREZ GONZALEZ, SANTOS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
610	PEREZ JIMENEZ, EVA ZOE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
611	PÉREZ LOZANO, JUAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
612	PÉREZ MALAVE , VANESSA M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
613	PEREZ MARTINEZ, JOSE R.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
614	PÉREZ MEDINA, JOSE A.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
615	PEREZ NIEVES, CARMEN L.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	8
616	PÉREZ PARRILLA, SONIA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
617	PEREZ PEREZ, JORGE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
618	PÉREZ RAMOS, LUIS DANIEL	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
619	PEREZ RAMOS, MANUEL DE J.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
620	PEREZ RAMOS, PEDRO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
621	PÉREZ RIOS, JUAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
622	PEREZ RODRIGEZ, OLGA L	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
623	PEREZ TORRES, LUIS A	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
624	PICA ROSA, CARMEN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
625	PIMENTEL RIVERA , VICTOR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
626	PINET LOPEZ, VICTOR M.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
627	PINTO RODRIGUEZ, DOMINGO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
628	PIRELA RIVERA, LYNETTE	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
629	PIZARRO CIRINO, WILCELINO	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
630	PIZARRO MELENDEZ, FRANCISCO	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
631	PLAZA LUCIANO, GERARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
632	PLAZA MARADIAGA, ANALIA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
633	POMALES MELENDEZ, REINALDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
634	PRATTS MONTALVO, NYDIA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
635	PRINCIPE REYES, NELSON	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
636	QUIÑONES BERRIOS, ELIAS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
637	QUINONES HERNANDEZ, MARTA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
638	QUIÑONES ORTIZ, LUIS R.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
639	QUINONES QUILES, NEREIDA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
640	QUIÑONES TORRES, ELISAMUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
641	QUINTANA PEREZ, ALMARIS	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8
642	RAMIREZ COTTO, ROSA E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
643	RAMIREZ RODRIGUEZ, ROBERTO	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	14
644	RAMOS BENIQUEZ, YAMIRTA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
645	RAMOS CINTRON, OLGA JANICE	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	5
646	RAMOS FLORES, YAJAIRA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
647	RAMOS MARTÍNEZ, EDUARDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
648	RAMOS MARTÍNEZ, JOSE L.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
649	RAMOS MARTÍNEZ, JUAN	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
650	RAMOS MATTEI, ABNER Y.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
651	RAMOS RIVERA, JUAN R.	\$70.00	\$3,640.00	6
652	RAMOS RIVERA, MARTIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
653	RAMOS RODRIGUEZ, EDITH	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	6
654	RAMOS ROSADO, JANNETTE	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	6

655	REYES ARROLLO, TOMAS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
656	REYES CEBALLOS, MIGUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
657	REYES DIAZ, CANDIDO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
658	REYES NIEVES, LILLIAM	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	13
659	REYES RODRIGUEZ, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
660	RIOS CARRION, JUAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
661	RIOS CENTENO, MANUEL	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
662	RIOS FELICIANO, MIGUEL A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
663	RIOS GUZMAN, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
664	RIOS MARTINEZ, SAMUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
665	RIOS OCASIO, JOSE R.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
666	RIVERA ALVAREZ, DIOSDADO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
667	RIVERA AGOSTO, MARIA L.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	8
668	RIVERA ARROYO, RAMÓN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
669	RIVERA BAEZ, JORGE G.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
670	RIVERA BERDECIA, GLADYS E.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
671	RIVERA BORJA, BALTAZAR	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
672	RIVERA CANCEL, WALESKA	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
673	RIVERA CASANOVA, EILEEN M.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	5
674	RIVERA CINTRON, MARIA V.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
675	RIVERA COLLAZO, IVAN	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
676	RIVERA COLÓN, JOSE F.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8
677	RIVERA CRUZ, CARLOS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
678	RIVERA CRUZ, ORLANDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
679	RIVERA DE JESÚS, TOMAS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
680	RIVERA DIAZ, JOANNY	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
681	RIVERA FERNANDEZ, RAMÓN L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
682	RIVERA FRANCESCHI, FRANK	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
683	RIVERA GONZALEZ, JOSE A	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
684	RIVERA LUCIANO, MARIA DE LOS A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
685	RIVERA LUYANDA, YANIRA I.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
686	RIVERA MATOS, ROBERT	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
687	RIVERA MEDINA , CARMEN L.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
688	RIVERA MELENDEZ, MIGUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
689	RIVERA MERCADO, HECTOR L.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
690	RIVERA MERCADO, WILMER	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
691	RIVERA MERCED, YOLANDA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
692	RIVERA NEGRON, WILLMAN	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
693	RIVERA NIEVES, MARIA M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
694	RIVERA NUNEZ, ELVIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
695	RIVERA OJEDA, TEDDY	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
696	RIVERA ORTIZ, CARMEN M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
697	RIVERA PAGAN, VILMARI	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
698	RIVERA PAZ, NOEMI	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
699	RIVERA PIZARRO, ANABELLE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
700	RIVERA RIVERA, AIDA N.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
701	RIVERA RIVERA, IVAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2

702	RIVERA RIVERA, JANISSE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
703	RIVERA RIVERA, NELSIE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
704	RIVERA RIVERA, SANDRA L,	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
705	RIVERA RODRIGUEZ, CHISTIAN	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
706	RIVERA ROLON, JOSE L.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
707	RIVERA SANCHEZ, MILAGROS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
708	RIVERA SANTIAGO, SONIA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
709	RIVERA SILVA, MADELINE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
710	RIVERA SUAREZ, MILDRED IVELISSE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
711	RIVERA TORRES, BIENVENIDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
712	RIVERA TORRES, JUAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
713	RIVERA TORRES, LUIS R.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
714	RIVERA TROCHE, DIANA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
715	RIVERA VEGA, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
716	RIVERA VELEZ, ROBERTO J.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	12
717	RIVERA MALDONADO, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
718	RIVERO LOPEZ ESTRELLA E.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
719	ROBERT CARRASQUILLO, ENRIQUE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
720	ROBLES RAMOS, MELISSA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
721	RODRIGUEZ AYALA, WILDA E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
722	RODRIGUEZ BRACERO , JUAN R	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
723	RODRIGUEZ CABESUDO, ABIGAIL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
724	RODRIGUEZ CABRERA, FELIX	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
725	RODRIGUEZ CINTRON, HECTOR O.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
726	RODRIGUEZ CINTRON, YEIDIE E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
727	RODRIGUEZ DEL TORO, JOSE M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
728	RODRIGUEZ DEL TORRO, CHARIZ	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
729	RODRIGUEZ DIFFAI, CANDIDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
730	RODRIGUEZ FELICIANO, EPIFANIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
731	RODRIGUEZ García, JOSE A.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
732	RODRIGUEZ GONZALEZ, JOSE A.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
733	RODRIGUEZ HERNANDEZ , IRMA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
734	RODRIGUEZ LOPEZ, ROLANDO	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
735	RODRIGUEZ LUGO, ANTONIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
736	RODRIGUEZ MARIA, JOSE D.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
737	RODRIGUEZ MARTINEZ, WILFREDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
738	RODRIGUEZ MEDINA, REGINA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
739	RODRIGUEZ MEDINA, SANTOS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
740	RODRIGUEZ MELENDEZ, SYLVIA DE L.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
741	RODRIGUEZ MONTALVO, IRIVIN	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
742	RODRIGUEZ MONTALVO, NOEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
743	RODRIGUEZ NAVARRO, LYDIA E.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
744	RODRIGUEZ QUIROS, JAVIER	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
745	RODRIGUEZ RAMOS, MIGDALIA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
746	RODRIGUEZ RIVERA, ANILDA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
747	RODRIGUEZ RIVERA, FELIX	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
748	RODRIGUEZ ROBLES, ANGEL J.	\$90.00	\$5,220.00	9
749	RODRIGUEZ RODRIGUEZ, RONALD	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2

750	RODRIGUEZ SALINAS, LUIS A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
751	RODRIGUEZ SANCHEZ, JORGE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
752	RODRIGUEZ TORRES, GLADYS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
753	RODRIGUEZ VALENTIN, NILZA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
754	RODRIGUEZ VAZQUEZ, GILBERTO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
755	RODRIGUEZ VEGA, MYRMARIS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
756	ROHENA DOMINGUEZ, ESTEBAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
757	ROJAS DE ARROYO, NORA E.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
758	ROJAS FONTANEZ, JOSE R.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
759	ROLDAN GOMEZ, JUAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
760	ROLDAN LEBRON, REYMOND	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
761	ROLDOS BAYRON, SANTOS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
762	ROMAN MARTÍNEZ, JOSE A.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
763	ROMAN MARTÍNEZ, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
764	ROMAN VAZQUEZ, JOSE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
765	ROMAN VISCARRONDO, CLARISSA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
766	RONALD CARABALLO, JOSE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
767	ROSA SOTO, NORMA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
768	ROSA BENIQUEZ, BEATRIZ	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
769	ROSA CHICO, ISMAEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
770	ROSA GUADALUPE, BEATRIZ	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
771	ROSA REYES, JOEL	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	13
772	ROSA VAZQUEZ, LUZ	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
773	ROSA VEGA, EDILBERTO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
774	ROSADO GARCÍA, ALFREDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
775	ROSADO MEDINA, JOSE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
776	ROSADO MONTALVO, JADIRA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
777	ROSADO NIEVES, DANIEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
778	ROSARIO GARCIA, ANGEL	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
779	ROSARIO GARCIA, VICTOR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
780	ROSARIO HUERTAS, EVA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	7
781	ROSARIO MARTÍNEZ, JOSE J.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
782	ROSARIO POMALES, CRUZ	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
783	ROSARIO RIVAS, PASTOR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
784	ROSARIO RIVERA, EDWIN F.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
785	ROSS CARRERO, JANNETTE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
786	ROSS, GILBERTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
787	RUIZ TORRES, ROBERTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
788	RUIZ CRUZ, JAVIER	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
789	RUIZ MONTES, JOSE A.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
790	RUIZ RODRIGUEZ, JUAN R.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
791	RUIZ ROSA, MYRIAM M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
792	RUIZ SANTANA, NORBERTO	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	6
793	RUIZ VELEZ, RUBEN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
794	SAEZ ORTA, EDNA	\$50.00	\$2,400.00	2
795	SALAS MENDEZ, ROBERTO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
796	SALAS PÉREZ, ROBERT	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
797	SALGADO RIVERA, ANTONIO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5

798	SANCHEZ ACEVEDO, DORIS E.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	2
799	SANCHEZ JIMENEZ, CARLOS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
800	SANCHEZ MATOS, IRIS Y.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
801	SANCHEZ PIZARRO, ZAIDA I.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
802	SANCHEZ RIVERA, JORGE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
803	SANCHEZ SANCHEZ, LUIS	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
804	SANCHEZ SANTIAGO, MIGUEL A	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
805	SANCHEZ TORRES, ANGEL C.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
806	SANCHEZ, MIGUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
807	SANTANA PAGAN, RENE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
808	SANTEL MUÑOZ, GILBERTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
809	SANTIAGO BONET, DAMIAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
810	SANTIAGO CARTAGENA, DAVID G.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
811	SANTIAGO CRUZ, RAFAEL E.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
812	SANTIAGO GONZALEZ, MAYRA I.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
813	SANTIAGO JAIME, JESÚS M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
814	SANTIAGO LEBRON, SONIA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
815	SANTIAGO LOPEZ, ENRIQUE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
816	SANTIAGO MONTES, MELVIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
817	SANTIAGO QUINONES, MAYRA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
818	SANTIAGO RIVERA, SALVADOR	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
819	SANTIAGO RODRIGUEZ, RENE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
820	SANTIAGO RODRIGUEZ, SILVESTRE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
821	SANTIAGO RUIZ, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
822	SANTIAGO TORRES, HECTOR L.	\$50.00	\$2,450.00	3
823	SANTIAGO VIENTOS, JOSE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
824	SANTINI MELENDEZ, HECTOR V.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
825	SANTOS DIEZ, IVAN	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
826	SANTOS GONZALEZ, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
827	SANTOS MELENDEZ, IRMA N.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
828	SANTOS RIVERA, HILDA LUZ	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
829	SANTOS ROSARIO, VICTOR A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
830	SANTOS VELEZ, BETTY	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
831	SAURI GONZALEZ, ARLENE	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	12
832	SEGUI BASILONIA, MICHELLE I	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
833	SEGURA FLORES, RAMON	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
834	SELLES ORTIZ, MIGUEL E.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
835	SEPULVEDA CARMONA, JORGE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
836	SEPULVEDA LOZADA, JOSE I.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
837	SEPULVEDA SANCHEZ, JORGE L.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	13
838	SEPULVEDA TORRES, EILEEN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
839	SERRANO CONDE, JOSE L.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
840	SERRANO FLORES, EPIFANIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
841	SERRANO RIVERA , JANEEN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
842	SERRANO SANTANA, ANA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
843	SERRANO TEXEIRA, MANUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
844	SERRANO, JOSE L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	5
845	SIERRA MARTINEZ, JAVIER	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1

846	SIERRA MONTAÑEZ, DAISY	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
847	SILVA BARBOSA, MADELINE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
848	SILVA CENTENO, WANDA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
849	SILVIA AVILES, EDGAR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
850	SOLER RODRIGUEZ, CARLOS M.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
851	SOLER VELEZ, SAMUEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
852	SOLIS ALLENDE, IRISBEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
853	SOTO COLLOZO, CARLOS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
854	SOTO RAMIREZ , OLGA M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
855	SOTO RIVERA, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
856	SOTO RIVERA, PROFIRIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
857	SOTO RODRIGUEZ, GILBERTO	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	14
858	SOTO RODRIGUEZ, JOSE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
859	SOTO RODRIGUEZ, MARTA L.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
860	SOTO RUIZ, ANTONIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
861	SUSTACHE MELENDEZ, SUSANO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
862	TARABOCHIE GARCÍA, ILKA S.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
863	TELLADO LOPEZ, LUIS	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
864	TEXIDOR MARIN, PEDRO	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
865	TIRADO CARRASQUILLO, EVA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
866	TIRADO CORDOVA, REYES	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
867	TIRADO LUGO, ALFREDO L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
868	TIRADO RIVERA, EUGENIO	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
869	TOLENTINO CASTRO, VICTOR	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
870	TORO CRUZ, LISSETTE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
871	TORO SANCHEZ, BARTOLO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
872	TORRES PÉREZ, DANIEL	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
873	TORRES ROSARIO, DAVID	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
874	TORRES ALVARADO, LILIANA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
875	TORRES CARRASQUILLO, LUIS A	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
876	TORRES COLON, GLORIMAR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
877	TORRES CRESPO, OCTAVIO	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
878	TORRES GONZALEZ, JOANNE I.	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	13
879	TORRES GUTIERREZ, PEDRO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
880	TORRES HERNANDEZ, VANESSA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
881	TORRES MEDINA, CESAR	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
882	TORRES MELENDEZ, EVA LUZ	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
883	TORRES MONTAÑEZ, JOSE H.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
884	TORRES MUÑOZ, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
885	TORRES ORTIZ, ALICIA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
886	TORRES ORTIZ, JOSE R.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
887	TORRES PÉREZ, NINOSHKA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
888	TORRES RAMOS, EFRAIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
889	TORRES RIVERA, ENRIQUE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8
890	TORRES RIVERA, JOHANNA	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
891	TORRES RIVERA, JOSE A.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
892	TORRES RODRIGUEZ, EDGARDO	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	13
893	TORRES RODRIGUEZ, JAVIER	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5

894	TORRES SANCHEZ, JUAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
895	TORRES SANCHEZ, PABLO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
896	TORRES SANTIAGO, WENCESLAO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
897	TORRES SANTOS, JUAN A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
898	TORRES SEGARRA, JAMILLETTE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
899	TORRES TORRES, CARMEN D.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
900	TORRES TORRES, ISMAEL	\$75.00	\$825.00	4
901	TORRES TORRES, RUBEN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
902	TORRES VEGA , MARCOS L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
903	TORRESILLO PAGAN, RADAMES	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
904	TROCHE DUCOT, FRANKLIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
905	TROCHE TORRES, EULOGIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
906	TRUJILLO SANTANA, MICHELLE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
907	URBINA FLORAN, EFRAIN	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
908	URBINA ROSADO, CARMEN M.	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
909	VAELLO BRUNET, ILEANA	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
910	VALDES LINANES, ROLANDO	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
911	VALENTIN CENTENO, ALEIXA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
912	VALENTIN COLLAZO, ENID	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	14
913	VALENTIN GUZMAN , NELSON	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
914	VALENTIN HERNANDEZ, IVETTE Y.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
915	VALENTIN LOPEZ, HECTOR I	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	8
916	VALENTIN MARRERO, SONAI E.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
917	VALENTIN RODRIGUEZ, RAUL	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
918	VALENTIN ROLDAN, ROSA A.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	7
919	VALENTIN SALAS ,EDWIN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
920	VALLE VARGAS, ABRAHAN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
921	VARGAS NIEVES, VIRGINIA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
922	VARGAS RODRIGUEZ, GONZALO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
923	VARGAS ROSAS, AIDA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
924	VARGAS ROSAS, BLANCA N.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
925	VARGAS VARGAS, LUIS A.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	6
926	VAZQUEZ APONTE, WALTER	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
927	VAZQUEZ BURGOS, LUIS A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
928	VAZQUEZ FERRER, GERONIMO	\$150.00	\$4,050.00	11
929	VAZQUEZ FLORES, DIONISIO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
930	VAZQUEZ FLORES, ESTEBAN L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
931	VAZQUEZ FLORES, HECTOR R.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
932	VAZQUEZ GARCÍA, ROBERTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
933	VAZQUEZ MELENDEZ, NEFTALI	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
934	VAZQUEZ RODRIGUEZ, ANGEL L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
935	VAZQUEZ SERRANO, HECTOR	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
936	VAZQUEZ TAVAREZ, EDUARDO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
937	VAZQUEZ TAVAREZ, FRANCISCO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
938	VEGA NEGRON, LUIS A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
939	VEGA BONILLA, EDDIE	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
940	VEGA CRESPO, JOSE R.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2

941	VEGA CUEVAS, RUBEN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
942	VEGA GALARZA, JOSE R.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
943	VEGA GONZALEZ, GLENDA L.	\$90.00	\$5,220.00	8
944	VEGA ORTIZ, JULIO A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
945	VELASQUEZ RODRIGUEZ, JORGE	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
946	VELAZQUEZ GUTIERREZ, ANDRES J.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	7
947	VELAZQUEZ LUCIANO, KEYLA M.	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	5
948	VELAZQUEZ PACHECO, CRISTINA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
949	VELAZQUEZ PEDRAZA, RAMÓN	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
950	VELAZQUEZ ROLDAN, WILSON	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
951	VELAZQUEZ ROSA, MARIBEL	\$200.00	\$11,600.00	17
952	VELAZQUEZ SANCHEZ, ORLANDO	\$70.00	\$4,060.00	6
953	VELAZQUEZ SOTO, DAVID	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
954	VELEZ GONZALEZ, GILBERTO	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
955	VELEZ MATIAS, REINALDO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	3
956	VELEZ MUNIZ, JUANITA	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
957	VELEZ RIVERA, LINO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
958	VELEZ RODRIGUEZ, AMELI	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
959	VELEZ RODRIGUEZ, LUIS E.	\$100.00	\$5,800.00	5
960	VELEZ TORRES, MARTA L.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
961	VELEZ VALENTIN, DANNY	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
962	VELEZ VELEZ, JOSE A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	2
963	VESA PÉREZ, MIGUEL A.	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	4
964	VIDAL BECERA, ERNESTO	\$50.00	\$2,900.00	1
965	VILLEGAS GOMEZ, JOSE D.	\$150.00	\$8,700.00	11
966	VOLMAR CABASSA, EDGARDO	\$75.00	\$4,350.00	4
			\$3,618,055.00	